Landenoverzicht exporteisen Diverse Producten.

Land: Noord-Macedonië

Overzicht van de laatste wijziging(en)

versie	datum	toelichting
1.10	02-11-2022	Certificaat voor landbouw/bosbouw machines en overige machines, lijst met CN codes en bijschrijving 34.4
1.9	24-3-2021	Certificaat voor champignonsubstraat fase III
1.8	29-5-2019	Naamgeving land gewijzigd, inclusief in de bijschrijving

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Noord- Macedonië	Certificaat export	Certificaat re-export	Taal	Grondeis	Invoervergunning
(MK)	1	20	E	GV	-

Algemene eisen

Certificaat vereist voor

Hout, bast, houtdeeltjes

Noten o.a.: Cashew noten, grondnoten

Gedroogde bessen Koffiebonen (vers)

Peat/peatmoss, potgrond

Champignonsubstraat fase III

Landbouw/bosbouw machines en voertuigen (Origin third countries)

Overige landbouw/tuinbouw/bosbouw machines, veehouderij, bijenhouderij inclusief kiemapparatuur met mechanisch of thermische onderdelen, pluimvee incubatoren en broedstoven - tweedehands

Indien u een fytosanitair certificaat wenst voor niet genoemde producten, dient u een officieel document (bijv. invoervergunning of een wetstekst) uit het land van bestemming ter beoordeling voor te leggen aan de PD (pd.permit@minlnv.nl)

Inspectie vereist voor

Zie register "inspectieplicht bij diverse producten"

Invoerverbod

Bast van Castanea, herkomst derde landen

Bast van Quercus (uitgezonderd Q. suber; kurkeik), herkomst Noord Amerikaanse landen

Bast van Acer saccharum, herkomst Noord Amerikaanse landen

Bast van Populus, herkomst vaste land van Canada en VS

Producteisen

Standaardeisen

Zie register "Basisnormen Nederland voor diverse producten"

Specifieke eisen

Geen

Certificeringseisen

Bijschrijving

Er mag worden gekozen tussen een bijschrijving waarbij verwezen wordt naar het item genoemd in de Noord-Macedonië wetgeving (een nummer met eventueel een letter). In dat geval is de bijschrijving als volgt:

The consignment complies with the provision of List IV Part A, "Official Gazette of Republic of North-Macedonia" no. 29/05, no. 81/08, no. 20/09 and no. 57/10 [cijfer / lettercombinatie(s) toevoegen]

De tekst mag ook voluit worden geschreven.

Bijschrijvingen voor hout, bast en houtdeeltjes:

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS, AND OTHER OBJECTS AND ARTICLES ORIGINATING FROM THIRD COUNTRIES

	THILD	COUNTRIES
	PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS AND ARTICLES	SPECIAL PHYTOSANITARY REQUIREMENTS
1.1.	Irrespective whether listed or not in the CN codes of List V, Part B, wood of coniferous trees (Coniferales), excluding Thuja L. except in a form of: - chips, particles, splinters, sawdust, wooden waste or waste obtained in whole or in part from said coniferous wood - wooden material for packing, in a form of trunks, boxes, crates, barrels, or similar packaging material, pallets, box-pallets and other load packaging, fixating pallets used for transport of all types of articles - wood used to affix or support non-wooden load - wood of Libocedrus decurrens Torr. where there is proof that the wood has been processed or treated for pencils, using thermal treatment to achive a minimum temparature of 82°C for a period of seven to eight days, however including those that have not retained their round shapes and originating from Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Buhrer) Nickle et al. is known to occur	official statement that the wood has passed adequate: (a) Heat-treatment in order to achieve a minimum temperature of the heartwood of 56°C for a duration of at least 30 minutes. This will be attested by the HT marking placed on the wood or on the packaging as per the current use in the certificates or (b) Fumigation as per the instructions approved in the procedures. This will be attested by stating in the certificates, the active matter, the minimum temperature of the wood, dosage in (g/m³) and the time of exposure expressed in (h) or (c) Chemical impregnation under pressure with a product approved in the procedure. This will be attested by stating in the certificates, the active matter, the pressure (psi or kPa), and the concentration (%).

1.2.	Irrespective whether listed or not in the CN codes of List V, Part B, wood of coniferous trees (Coniferales), excluding Thuja L. in a form of: - chips, particles, splinters, sawdust, wood waste or waste obtained in whole or in part of said coniferous trees originating from Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Buhrer) Nickle et al. is known to occur	Official statement that the wood has passed adequate: (a) Heat-treatment in order to achieve a minimum temperature of the heartwood of 56°C for a duration of at least 30 minutes; the latter should be mentioned in the certificates (b) Fumigation as per the instructions approved in the procedures. This will be attested by stating in the certificates, the active matter, the minimum temperature of the wood, dosage in (g/m3), and the time of exposure expressed in (h)
1.3.	Irrespective whether listed or not in the CN codes of List V, Part B, wood of Thuja L. except in a form of: - chips, particles, splinters, sawdust, wood waste or waste obtained in whole or in part thereof - wooden material for packing, in a form of trunks, boxes, crates, barrels or similar packaging material, pallets, box-pallets and other load packaging, fixating palletes used for transport of all types of articles - wood used to affix or support non-wooden load originating from Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Buhrer) Nickle et al. is known to occur	Official statement that the wood (a) is free of bark, or (b) has been dried in a chamber under 20% humidity, expressed as percentage of dry matter, achieved through adequate scheduling of time/temperature. This will be attested by the marking "Kiln-dried" or "KD" or any other internationally recognised marking, affixed on the wood or on the packaing as per the current use, or (c) Has been heat-treated in order to achieve a minimum temperature of the heartwood of 56°C for a duration of at least 30 minutes. This will be attested by the HT marking placed on the wood or on the packaging as per the current use in the certificates. or (d) Has passed adequate fumigation as per the instructions approved in the procedure. This will be attested by stating in the certificates, the active matter, the minimum temperature of the wood, dosage in (g/m3) and the time of exposure expressed in (h) or (e) Has passed adequate chemical impregnation under pressure with a product approved in the procedure. This will be attested by stating in the certificates, the active matter, the pressure (psi or kPa), and
1.4.	Irrespective whether listed or not in the CN codes of List V, Part B, wood of Thuja L. in a form of: - chips, particles, splinters, sawdust, wood waste or waste obtained in whole or in part thereof	the concentration (%). Official statement that the wood (a) Has been manufactured of peeled round- shaped tree or (b) Has been dried in a chamber under 20% humidity, expressed as percentage of dry matter, achieved through adequate scheduling of time/temperature

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originating from Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Buhrer) Nickle et al. is known to occur

- (c) Has passed adequate fumigation as per the instructions approved in the procedure. This will be attested by stating in the certificates, the active matter, the minimum temperature of the wood, dosage in (g/m3), and the time of exposure expressed in (h)
- (d) Has passed adequate heat-treatment in order to achieve a minimum temperature of the heartwood of 56°C for a duration of at least 30 minutes; the latter should be mentioned in the certificates.
- 1.5. Irrespective whether listed or not in the CN codes of List V, Part B, wood of coniferous trees (Coniferales), except in a form of:
 - chips, particles, splinters, sawdust, wood waste or waste obtained in whole or in part from said coniferous trees
 - wooden material for packing, in a form of trunks, boxes, crates, barrels or similar packaging material, pallets, box-pallets and other load packaging, fixating pallets used for transport of all types of articles
 - wood used to affix or support non-wooden load

however, excluding wood that has not retained its natural round shape, originating from Russia, Kazakhstan and Turkey

Official statement that the wood:

- (a) Originates from areas known to be free of:
- Monochamus spp. (non-European)
- Pissodes spp. (non-European)
- Scolytidae spp. (non-European) The area will be mentioned in the certificate in the field "Place of Origin"
- (b) Is free of bark and free of larval tunnels caused by the genus Monochamus spp. (non-European) defined for this purpose, with a cross-section exceeding 3mm in diameter
- (c) Has been dried in a chamber under 20% humidity, expressed as percentage of dry matter, achieved through adequate scheduling of time/temperature. This will be attested by the marking "Kiln-dried" or "KD" or any other internationally recognised marking, affixed on the wood or on the packaging as per the current use,
- (d) Has been heat-treated in order to achieve a minimum temperature of the heartwood of 56°C for a duration of 30 minutes. This will be attested by the HT marking placed on the wood or on the packaging as per the current use in the certificates

or

- (e) Has passed adequate fumigation as per the instructions approved in the procedure. This will be attested by stating in the certificates of the active matter, the minimum temperature of the wood, dosage in (g/m3), and the time of exposure expressed in (h)
- (f) Has passed adequate chemical impregnation under pressure with a product approved in the procedure. This will be attested by stating in the certificates, the

		active matter, the pressure (psi or kPa), and the concentration (%).
1.6.	Irrespective whether listed or not in the CN codes of List V, Part B, wood of coniferous trees (Coniferales), except in a form of: - chips, particles, splinters, sawdust, wood waste or waste obtained in whole or in part from said coniferous trees - wooden material for packing, in a form of trunks, boxes, crates, barrels or similar packaging material, pallets, box-pallets and other load packaging, fixating pallets used for transport of all types of articles - wood used to affix or support non-wooden load however, excluding wood that has not retained its natural round shape, originating from third countries, except the following: - Russia, Kazakhstan and Turkey, - European countries, - Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Buhrer) Nickle et al. is known to occur	Official statement that the wood: (a) Is free of bark and free of larval tunnels caused by the genus Monochamus spp. (non-European) defined for this purpose, with a cross-section exceeding 3mm in diameter or (b) Has been dried in a chamber under 20% humidity, expressed as percentage of dry matter, achieved through adequate scheduling of time/temperature. This will be attested by the marking "Kiln-dried" or "KD" or any other internationally recognised marking, affixed on the wood or on the packaging as per the current use, or (c) Has passed adequate fumigation as per the instructions approved in the procedure. This will be attested by stating in the certificates, the active matter, the minimum temperature of the wood, dosage in (g/m3), and the time of exposure expressed in (h) or (d) Has passed adequate chemical impregnation under pressure with a product approved in accordance with the procedure. This will be attested by stating in the certificates, the active matter, the pressure (psi or kPa), and the concentration (%). or (e) Has been heat-treated in order to achieve a minimum temperature of the heartwood of 56°C for a duration of 30 minutes. This will be attested by the HT marking placed on the wood or on the packaging as per the current
1.7.	Irrespective whether it has been listed in the CN codes in List V, Part B, wood, in a form of chips, particles, splinters, sawdust, wood waste or waste obtained in whole or in part from said coniferous wood (Coniferales), originating from: - Russia, Kazakhstan and Turkey, - Non-European countries, excluding Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Buhrer) Nickle et al. is known to occur	use in the certificates. Official statement that the wood: (a) Originates from areas known to be free of: - Monochamus spp. (non-European) - Pissodes spp. (non-European) - Scolytidae spp. (non-European) The area will be mentioned in the certificate in the field "Place of Origin" or (b) Has been manufactured of peeled round-shaped tree or (c) Has been dried in a chamber under 20% humidity, expressed as percentage of dry matter, achieved through adequate scheduling of time/temperature. or (d) Has passed adequate fumigation as per the instructions approved in the procedure.

2.	Wooden packaging material in a shape of packing crates, boxes, crates, barrels, and similar packaging, pallets, box-pallets and other load packaging, affixing pallets used for transporting all types of articles, excluding wood in the rough, 6mm thick or less, and processed wood produced with glue, heat and pressure, or combination thereof	This will be attested by stating in the certificates, the active matter, the minimum temperature of the wood, dosage in (g/m3), and the time of exposure expressed in (h) or (e) Has passed adequate heat-treatment in order to achieve a minimum temperature of the heartwood of 56°C for a duration of 30 minutes; the latter should be mentioned in the certificates. The wooden packing material will be: - Free of bark, except any number of individual bark pieces smaller than or equal to 3 cm in width (irrespective of length) or if larger than 3 cm in width, not exceeding 50 cm2 in size, and - Subject to one of the approved treatments stated in Annex 1 of FAO's international standard for phytosanitary measures no. 15 on the Guidelines regulating the wooden packaging material in international standard on phytosanitary measures no. 15 on the Guidelines regulating the wooden packaging material in international standard on phytosanitary measures no. 15 on the Guidelines regulating the wooden packaging material in international trade, indicating the wooden packaging material that was subject to the approved phytosanitary
2.2.	Wood of Acer saccharum Mersh, intented for production of veneer panels, originating from the USA	treatment. The first indent will apply from the 1st of July 2009. Official statement that the wood originates from areas recognised as free of Ceratocystis virescens (Davidson) Moreau, intended for
2.3	and Canada. Irrespective whether it has been listed in the CN codes in List V, Part B, wood of Fraxinus L., Juglans mandshurica Maxim. Ulmus davidiana Planch., Ulmus parvifolia Jacq.I Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc., except in a form of: - splinters, obtained in whole or in part of said wood - wooden packaging material in a shape of packing crates, boxes, crates, barrels, and similar packaging, pallets, box-pallets and other load packaging, affixing pallets used for transporting all types of articles	production of veneer panels. Official statement that the wood: (a) Originates from an area for which the National Plant Protection Organisation in the exporting country established it was free of Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire in accordance with the relevant international standards for phytosanitary measures, or (b) Is square shaped in order to completely remove the round-shaped surfaces.

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2.4.	- wood used to affix or support non-wooden load however, including wood that has not retained its round shape, originating from Canada, China, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA Irrespective whether listed in the CN codes in List V, Part B, wood in form of splinters, obtained in whole or in part of Fraxinus L., Juglans mandshurica Maxim. Ulmus davidiana Planch., Ulmus parvifolia Jacq.I Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc., originating from Canada, China, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA.	Official statement that the wood: (a) Originates from an area for which the National Plant Protection Organisation in the exporting country established it was free of Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire in accordance with the relevant international standards for phytosanitary measures, or (b) Has been processed into pieces not exceeding 2,5 cm in thickness and width.
2.5	Isolated bark of Fraxinus L., Juglans mandshurica Maxim. Ulmus davidiana Planch., Ulmus parvifolia Jacq. I Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc. originating from Canada, China, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA.	Official statement that the isolated bark: (a) Originates from an area for which the National Plant Protection Organisation in the exporting country established it was free of Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire in accordance with the relevant international standards for phytosanitary measures, or (b) Has been processed into pieces not exceeding 2,5 cm in thickness and width.
3.	Wood of Quercus L., except in a form of: - splinters, parts, sawdust, wood chips, waste wood or waste - barrels, casks, tubs, and other products made of parts thereof, including staves with documented evidence that the wood was produces or processed using heat-treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 1760C for a period of 20 minutes however, including wood that has not retained its natural round shape, originating from USA.	Official statement that the wood: (a) Is square-shaped in order to completely remove the round-shaped surfaces, or (b) Is free of bark and the water content is less than 20% expressed as percentage of dry matter, or Is free of bark and is disinfected with warm air or with hot water treatment, or (c) if cut, with or without bark residue, the wood has been dried in a chamber under 20% humidity content, expressed as percentage of dry matters, realised through adequate scheduling of time/temperature. This will be attested with the marking "Kilndried" or "KD" or any other internationally recognised marking, affixed on the wood or on the packaging in accordance with the current use.
5.	Wood of Platanus L., except in a form of splinters, small pieces, sawdust, wood chips, wood waster or waste, however, including wood which has not retained its natural round shape, originating from USA or Armenia.	Official statement that the wood has been dried in a chamber under 20% humidity content, expressed as percentage of dry matter, achieved through adequate scheduling of time/temperature. This will be attested with the marking "Kiln-dried" or "KD" or any other internationally recognised

		marking, affixed on the wood or on the
		packaging in accordance with the current use.
6.	Wood of Populus L., except in a form of splinters, small pieces, sawdust, wood chips, wood waster or waste, however, including wood which has not retained its natural round shape, originating from the continent of Canada and the USA	Official statement that the wood: (a) Is free of bark, or (b) Has been dried in a chamber under 20% humidity content, expressed as percentage of dry matter, achieved through adequate scheduling of time/temperature. This will be attested with the marking "Kiln-dried" or "KD" or any other internationally recognised marking, affixed on the wood or on the packaging in accordance with the current use.
7.1.	Irrespective whether listed or not in the CN codes in List V, Part B, wood, in a form of chips, particles, splinters, sawdust, wood waste or waste obtained in whole or in part from: - Acer saccharum Mersh, originating from USA and Canada-Platanus L., originating from USA or Armenia -Populus L., originating from the continent of Canada and the USA	Official statement that the wood: (a) Has been manufactured of peeled round- shaped tree or (b) Has been dried in a chamber under 20% humidity, expressed as percentage of dry matter, achieved through adequate scheduling of time/temperature or (c) Has passed adequate fumigation as per the instructions approved in the procedure. This will be attested by stating in the certificates, the active matter, the minimum temperature of the wood, dosage in (g/m3), and the time of exposure expressed in (h) or (d) Has passed adequate heat-treatment in order to achieve a minimum temperature of the heartwood of 56°C for a duration of 30 minutes; the latter should be mentioned in the certificates.
7.2.	Irrespective whether listed or not in the CN codes in List V, Part B, wood, in a form of chips, particles, splinters, sawdust, wood waste or waste obtained in whole or in part from Quercus L. originating from USA.	Official statement that the wood: (a) Has been dried in a chamber under 20% humidity, expressed as percentage of dry matter, achieved through adequate scheduling of time/temperature or (b) Has passed adequate fumigation as per the instructions approved in the procedure. This will be attested by stating in the certificates, the active matter, the minimum temperature of the wood, dosage in (g/m3), and the time of exposure expressed in (h) or (c) Has passed adequate heat-treatment in order to achieve a minimum temperature of the heartwood of 56°C for a duration of 30 minutes; the latter should be mentioned in the certificates.

7.3.	Isolated bark of coniferous trees (Coniferales) originating from non-European countries.	Official statement that the isolated bark: (a) Has been subjected to adequate fumigation with a fumigant approved as per the procedure. This will be attested by stating in the certificates, the active matter, the minimum temperature of the wood, dosage in (g/m3), and the time of exposure expressed in (h) or (b) Has passed adequate heat-treatment in order to achieve a minimum temperature of the wood core of 56°C for a duration of 30 minutes; the latter should be mentioned in the certificates.
8.	Wood used to affix or support non-wooden load, including wood that has not retained its round shape, except wood in the rough, less than or equal to 6mm thick, and processed wood produced using glue, heat and pressure, or combination thereof	The wood should be: - Free of bark, except any number of individual bark pieces smaller than or equal to 3 cm in width (irrespective of length) or if larger than 3 cm in width, not exceeding 50 cm2 in size, and - Subject to one of the approved treatments stated in Annex 1 of FAO's international standard for phytosanitary measures no. 15 on the Guidelines regulating the wooden packaging material in international trade, and - Bearing the marking, as stated in Annex 2 of the FAO's international standard on phytosanitary measures no. 15 on the Guidelines regulating the wooden packaging material in international trade, indicating the wooden packaging material that was subject to the approved phytosanitary treatment. The first indent will apply from the 1st of July 2009.
34.4.	Machinery and vehicles operated for agricultural or forestry purposes, imported from third countries other than EU member states, as well as Serbia, Albania, Montenegro, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo, Moldova, Great Britain and Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine.	Without prejudice to the requirements of the provisions applicable to List III, Part A, point (19), an official statement that the machinery or vehicles have been cleaned and free from soil and plant debris.

PLANTS, PLAT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS AND ARTICLES THAT ARE NOT ORIGINATING FROM THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA THAT MUST BE SUBJECT TO PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION IN THE COUNTRY OF ORIGIN IN THE EXPORTING COUNTRY IF INTRODUCED ON THE TERRYTORY OF REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA:

Plants, plant products, and other objects and articles which are potential carriers of harmful organisms relevant to the whole territory of Republic of Macedonia

that must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate if introduced on the territory of Republic of Macedonia:

- 5. Isolated bark of:
- Confers (Coniferales), originating from non-European countries
- Acer saccharum Marsh, Populus L., and Quercus L. except Quercus suber L.
- Fraxinus L., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch., Ulmus parvifolia Jacq. and Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc., originating from Canada, China, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA.
- 6. Wood within the meaning defined in Directive 2000/29/EC where:
- (a) It has been obtained in whole or in part of a single family, genus or species, as described below, with the exception of wood as packaging material as defined in List IV, Part A, Section I, Point 2:
- Quercus L., including wood that has not retained its natural round shape, originating from USA, with the exception of wood meeting the description stated in (b) CN Code 4416 00 00 with a documented proof that the wood has been treated or produced using heat-treatment by achieving a minimum temperature of 176°C for a period of 20 minutes;
- Platanus, including wood that has not retained its natural round shape, originating from USA or Armenia;
- *Populus* L., including wood that has not retained its natural round shape originating from the continent of Canada and the USA;
- *Acer saccharum* Marsh., including wood that has not retained its natural round shape, originating from USA and Canada;
- *Conifers* (Coniferales), including wood that has not retained its natural round shape, originating from non-European countries, Kazakhstan, Russia and Turkey.
- Fraxinus L., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch., Ulmus parvifolia Jacq. and Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc., including wood that has not retained its natural round shape, originating from Canada, China, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA;

and

(b) Meeting one of the following descriptions listed in Annex I, Part II of Regulation (EEC) No. 2658/87:

CN Code	Description
4401 10 00	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 21 00	Coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 30 10	Sawdust
ex 4401 30 90	Other wood waste or scrap, not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms
4403 10 00	Wood in the rough, unpeeled of its bark or sapwood or roughly squared, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
4403 20	Raw coniferous wood unpeeled of its bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, untreated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
4403 91	Raw oaks wood (Quercus spp.), unpeeled of its bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, untreated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4403 99	Raw non-coniferous tree (except tropical trees as specified in Note 1 of the Subtitle of Chapter 44 of the Customs Tariffs, or other tropical trees, oak (<i>Quercus spp.</i>) or beech (<i>Fagus spp.</i>)), whether striped or not of its bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, untreated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4404	Split poles: piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn

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	lengthwise
4406	Railway or tramway wooden sleepers (cross-ties)
4407 10	Coniferous wood, chipped or sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether planed or not, sanded or finger-jointed, exceeding 6 mm in thickness.
4407 91	Oak wood (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), chipped or sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether planed or not, sanded or finger-jointed, exceeding 6 mm in thickness.
ex 4407 93	Wood of <i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh, chipped or sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether planed or not, sanded or finger-jointed, exceeding 6 mm in thickness.
4407 95	Ash wood (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.), chipped or sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether planed or not, sanded or finger-jointed, exceeding 6 mm in thickness.
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous trees (except tropical trees as specified in Note 1 of the Sub-title of Chapter 44 of the Customs Tariffs or other tropical trees, oak (<i>Quercus spp.</i>) or beech (<i>Fagus spp.</i>) or maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.), cherry (<i>Prunus</i> spp.) or ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.)), chipped or sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether planed or not, sanded or finger-jointed, exceeding 6 mm in thickness.
4415	Packing crates, boxes, drums or similar wooden packaging, cable drums, pallets, box-pallets, and other load boards, frames for wooden pallets.
4416 00 00	Small barrels, barrels, casks, tubs, other barrel-shaped products and wooden parts thereof, including staves
9406 00 20	Assembled wooden enclosures.

Machinery and vehicles used in agriculture and forestry from third countries

CN code	Description
ex 8432 10 00	ploughs
Ex 8432 21 00	Harrows, scarifiers, cultivators, weeders and hoes
Ex 8432 29 10	
Ex 8432 29 30	
Ex 8432 29 50	
Ex 8432 29 90	
Ex 8432 31 00	Seeders, planters and transplanters
Ex 8432 39 11	
Ex 8432 39 19	
Ex 8432 39 90	
Ex 8432 41 00	Manure spreaders and distributors of mineral and chemical fertilizers
Ex 8432 42 00	Oth an area deine an
Ex 8432 80 00	Other machinery
Ex 8432 90 00 8437 00 00	Parts
8437 00 00	Harvesting or threshing machines, including straw or fodder balers; grass or hay mowers; machines for cleaning, sorting or grading eggs,
	fruit or other agricultural products, other than machinery of heading -
	already used
Ex 8433 40 00	Straw and fodder balers, including pick-up balers
Ex 8433 51 00	Combines for collecting agricultural products by separating the grains
	from the plant
Ex 8433 53 10	Potato harvesting and collecting machines
Ex 8433 53 30	
Ex 8433 53 90	
Ex 8436 80 10	Forestry machinery
	Tweedehands tractoren (behalve tractoren met code 8709)
Ex 8701 20 90	Road tractors for semi-trailers

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	Vehicles, other than rail or tramway vehicles, and parts thereof and accessories
Ex 8701 91 10 Ex 8701 92 10 Ex 8701 93 10 Ex 8701 94 10 Ex 8701 95 10	Agriculture tractors and forestry tractors, wheeled

Overige voorschriften

Verpakking

Nieuw fust

Verpakkingshout en stuwhout: conform ISPM15

Chemische middelen

Geen eisen bekend

Hoewel de NVWA dit document op zorgvuldige wijze en naar beste weten heeft samengesteld, kan niet worden ingestaan voor de juistheid en volledigheid van de beschikbaar gestelde informatie. Aan de beschikbaar gestelde informatie kunnen geen rechten worden ontleend. Een afdruk kan verouderd zijn. Een actuele versie is op de website van NVWA beschikbaar.