

Landenoverzicht exporteisen Sierteelt.

Land: **Montenegro**

Overzicht van de laatste wijziging(en)

versie	datum	toelichting
2.18	22-4-2026	Wijzigingen per 1 mei 2026, aanpassing: - invoerverbod Solanaceae, - eisen <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> en <i>A. chinensis</i>
2.17	5-3-2025	Ingangsdatum item 62 uitgesteld tot 1 mei 2025 en aanpassing specifieke eisen
2.16	26-2-2025	Diverse aanpassingen vanwege gewijzigde wetgeving

## Landenoverzicht exporteisen Sierteelt - Montenegro

<b>MONTENEGRO</b>	Certificaat export	Certificaat re-export	Taal	Grondeis	Invoervergunning
<b>(ME)</b>	1	20	E	-	Ja

### Algemene eisen

#### Certificaat vereist voor

Bloemkwekerijproducten, m.u.v. aquariumplanten

Boomkwekerijproducten

#### Inspectie vereist voor

Bloemkwekerijproducten, m.u.v. droogbloemen

Boomkwekerijproducten

### Invoerverbod

Gewas	Herkomst
Planten van <i>Abies</i> , <i>Cedrus</i> , <i>Chamaecyparis</i> , <i>Juniperus</i> , <i>Larix</i> , <i>Picea</i> , <i>Pinus</i> , <i>Pseudotsuga</i> en <i>Tsuga</i> , met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden	niet-Europese landen
Planten van <i>Castanea</i> , en <i>Quercus</i> , met blad, met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden	niet-Europese landen
Planten van <i>Populus</i> , met blad, met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden	Canada, Mexico en USA
Voor opplant bestemde planten van <i>Chaenomeles</i> , <i>Crateagus</i> , <i>Cydonia</i> , <i>Malus</i> , <i>Prunus</i> , <i>Pyrus</i> en <i>Rosa</i> , met uitzondering van planten in rusttoestand zonder blad, bloemen en vruchten	niet-Europese landen
Voor opplant bestemde planten van <i>Cydonia</i> , <i>Malus</i> , <i>Prunus</i> en <i>Pyrus</i> en hybriden daarvan, en <i>Fragaria</i> , met uitzondering van zaden	andere landen dan: Europese landen, Algerije, Egypte, Israël, Jordanië, Libanon, Libië, Marokko, Syrië en Tunesië
Planten van <i>Vitis</i> , met uitzondering van vruchten	andere landen dan: Europese Unie, Albanië, Bosnië en Herzegovina, Kosovo, Moldavië, Noord Macedonië, Servië en Zwitserland
Planten van <i>Citrus</i> , <i>Fortunella</i> , <i>Poncirus</i> , en de hybriden daarvan, met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden	andere landen dan: Europese Unie, Albanië, Bosnië en Herzegovina, Kosovo, Moldavië, Noord Macedonië, Servië

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Voor opplant bestemde planten van Photinia, met uitzondering van planten in rusttoestand zonder blad, bloemen en vruchten	China, Democratische Volksrepubliek Korea, Japan, Republiek Korea en Verenigde Staten
Planten van Phoenix spp., met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden	Algerije, Marokko
Voor opplant bestemde planten van de familie Poaceae, met uitzondering van planten van overblijvende siergrassen van de onderfamilies Bambusoideae en Panicoideae en van de geslachten Buchloe, Bouteloua, Calamagrostis, Cortaderia, Glyceria, Hakonechloa, Hystrix, Molinia, Phalaris, Shibataea, Spartina, Stipa en Uniola, met uitzondering van zaden	andere landen dan: Europese landen, Algerije, Egypte, Israël, Jordanië, Libanon, Libië, Marokko, Syrië en Tunesië
Voor opplant bestemde planten van Solanaceae met uitzondering van zaden en per 1 mei 2025 met uitzondering van onbewortelde stekken van Petunia en Calibrachoa en hun hybriden, uit Kenia en Guatemala	andere landen dan: Europese landen, Algerije, Egypte, Israël, Jordanië, Libanon, Libië, Marokko, Syrië en Tunesië

**Producteisen****Standaardeisen**

Zie de registers "Basisnormen Nederland voor Sierteelt" en "Q-organismen"

**Specifieke eisen**

Waardplanten Xylella fastidiosa (zie onder Bijschrijvingen 'Waardplanten van Xylella fastidiosa').

Vrijheid van resp. land (bijschrijving a), gebied (b), of productieplaats (bijschrijving c), moet voor derde landen blijken uit de lijst met resp. 'Third countries where Xylella fastidiosa is known not to occur', 'Third countries with areas where Xylella fastidiosa is known not to occur' of 'Third countries with pest free production sites where Xylella fastidiosa is known not to occur' in 'Bijschrijvingen bij import anders dan groenten en fruit' op [Bijschrijvingen bij import anders dan groenten en fruit | Voorschrift | NVWA](#). Zoek op 'ATTACHMENT 1: XYLELLA'

Voor EU lidstaten moet dit blijken uit een pre-exportcertificaat of voor vrije landen ook uit 'Bijschrijvingen bij import anders dan groenten en fruit' op [Bijschrijvingen bij import anders dan groenten en fruit | Voorschrift | NVWA](#). Zoek op 'ATTACHMENT 1: XYLELLA'

**Eisen met betrekking tot monsternamen**

Potplanten en voortkweekingsmateriaal van Catharanthus roseus (syn. Vinca rosea), Coffea, Malva sylvestris, Nerium oleander, Olea europaea, Polygala myrtifolia, Portulaca oleracea, Prunus avium, Prunus dulcis, Quercus, Sorghum halapense en Westringia fruticosa, afkomstig uit landen die niet vrij zijn van Xylella fastidiosa, moeten worden bemonsterd en onderzocht op Xylella fastidiosa.

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Indien een bijschrijving vermeld moet worden, dan moet deze voluit worden vermeld: verwijzing m.b.v. cijfer/lettercombinatie plus de betreffende tekst volledig uitgeschreven.

In dat geval is de bijschrijving als volgt:

The consignment complies with the Rulebook of Montenegro List IVA part I from 22 December 2023, item ... [cijfer / lettercombinatie(s) toevoegen, plus de tekst voluit geschreven]

Potplanten behoren tot planten bestemd voor opplant.

Kruidachtigen: zie 'Register kruidachtige planten'

Plants, plant products and other objects	Special requirements
<p>1. Aan planten aanhangende of daarbij gevoegde groeimedia, bedoeld om de levenskracht van de planten te handhaven, met uitzondering van steriele media voor in-vitroplanten Uit alle landen m.u.v. EU-lidstaten en Albanië, Bosnië en Herzegovina, Kosovo, Moldavië, Noord-Macedonië en Servië.</p>	<p>(a) the growing medium, at the time of planting of the associated plants:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) was free from soil and organic matter and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any other agricultural purposes, or</li> <li>(ii) was composed entirely of peat or fiber of Cocos nucifera and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any other agricultural purposes, or</li> <li>(iii) was subjected to effective fumigation or heat treatment* to ensure freedom from pests or</li> <li>(iv) was subjected to effective systems approach* to ensure freedom from pests</li> </ul> <p>and in all the cases mentioned in points (i) to (iv) was stored and maintained under appropriate conditions to keep it free from quarantine pests and</p> <p>(b) since planting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) appropriate measures have been taken to ensure that the growing medium has been kept free from Union quarantine pests, including at least: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— physical isolation of the growing medium from soil and other possible sources of contamination,</li> <li>— hygiene measures,</li> <li>— using water free from Union quarantine pests; or</li> </ul> </li> <li>(ii) within two weeks prior to export the growing medium including, where appropriate, soil has been completely removed by washing using water free from Union quarantine pests. Replanting may be performed in the growing medium that meets the requirements laid down in point (a). Appropriate conditions shall be maintained to keep freedom from Union quarantine pests, as provided for in point (b).</li> </ul>

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	* Details van de behandeling of system approach, moeten worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".
2.1 Voor opplant bestemde planten, met uitzondering van bollen, stengelknollen, wortelstokken, zaden, knollen en planten in weefselkweek	the plants (a) have been grown in nurseries, which are registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, and (b) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export.
3. Planten met wortels, bestemd voor opplant, gegroeid in de volle grond	(a) the place of production is known to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> and <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> and (b) the plants originate from a field known to be free from <i>Globodera pallida</i> and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i>
4. Planten bestemd voor opplant, met uitzondering van: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bollen,</li> <li>• wortelstokken,</li> <li>• rhizomen,</li> <li>• zaden,</li> <li>• knollen en</li> <li>• planten in weefselkweek</li> </ul>	the plants have been grown in nurseries and: (a) originate in an area*, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection service of that country, as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) originate in a place of production**, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection service of that country, as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and declared free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the last three months prior to export; or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment*** against <i>Thrips palmi</i> , and have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> . * De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration". ** De naam van de productieplaats moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration". *** Details van de behandeling moet worden vermeld op het fyto-sanitair certificaat.
4.1 Planten met wortels, bestemd voor opplant, m.u.v. planten in weefselkweek	the plants: (a) originate in a country established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. or

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	<p>(c) have been grown throughout their life in a growing medium which at the time of planting of the plants:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) was free from soil and organic matter and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any other agricultural purposes, or</li> <li>(ii) was composed entirely of peat or fibre of <i>Cocos nucifera</i> and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any other agricultural purposes, or</li> <li>(iii) was subjected to effective fumigation or heat treatment** to ensure freedom from <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> and which is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, or</li> <li>(iv) was subjected to effective systems approach*** to ensure freedom from <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i>;</li> </ul> <p>and</p> <p>in all the cases mentioned in points (i) to (iv) was stored and maintained under appropriate conditions to keep it free from <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> and since planting appropriate measures have been taken to ensure that the plants have been kept free from <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i>, including at least:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– physical isolation of the growing medium from soil and other possible sources of contamination, and</li> <li>– hygiene measures, or</li> </ul> <p>(d) (i) originate in a place of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and</p> <p>(ii) immediately prior to export the roots of a representative sample of the consignment have been inspected and are found free from symptoms of <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i>.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p> <p>** Details van de behandeling moeten worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p> <p>*** Details van de system approach moeten worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>4.2 Voor opplant bestemde planten met groeimedia, bedoeld om de levenskracht van de planten te handhaven, met uitzondering van planten in weefselkweek en waterplanten, van oorsprong uit Canada,</p>	<p>the plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from <i>Popillia japonica</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. or</p>

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<p>China, India, Japan, Russische Federatie, Verenigde Staten van Amerika</p>	<p>(b) have been grown in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Popillia japonica</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) which has been subjected to an annual official inspection and, at least, a monthly inspection during the three months prior to export, for any signs of <i>Popillia japonica</i>, carried out at appropriate times to detect the presence of the pest concerned, at least by visual examination of all plants, including weeds, and sampling of the growing media in which plants are growing, and</li> <li>(ii) which is surrounded by a buffer zone of at least 100 m, where the absence of <i>Popillia japonica</i> was confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times, and</li> <li>(iii) immediately prior to export the plants and the growing media have been subjected to an official inspection, including the sampling of the growing media, and found free from <i>Popillia japonica</i>, and</li> <li>(iv) the plants: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— are handled and packed or transported in ways to prevent infestation from <i>Popillia japonica</i> after leaving the place of production or</li> <li>— are moved outside the flight season of <i>Popillia japonica</i>, or</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>(c) have been grown throughout their life in a site of production with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Popillia japonica</i> and the plants:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) are handled and packed or transported in ways to prevent infestation from <i>Popillia japonica</i> after leaving the site of production, or</li> <li>(ii) are moved outside the flight season of <i>Popillia japonica</i> or</li> </ul> <p>(d) have been produced following a systems approach approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 to ensure freedom of <i>Popillia japonica</i>.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>4.3 Voor opplant bestemde planten, met uitzondering van zaden, die alleen groeien in water of in grond die permanent is verzadigd met water</p>	<p>The plants:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Pomacea</i>, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</li> </ul> <p>or</p>

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	<p>(b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Pomaceae, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin",</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) have been inspected immediately prior to export and have been found free from Pomaceae.</p>
<p>5. Eenjarige en tweejarige voor opplant bestemde planten, met uitzondering van Poaceae (zie register Plantenfamilies) en zaden, van oorsprong uit andere landen dan Europese landen, Algerije, Egypte, Israël, Jordanië, Libanon, Libië, Marokko, Syrië en Tunesië</p>	<p>the plants:</p> <p>(a) have been grown in nurseries;</p> <p>(b) are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits;</p> <p>(c) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export;</p> <p>(d) are found to be free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms; and</p> <p>(e) are either found to be free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.</p>
<p>6. Voor opplant bestemde planten van de familie Poaceae, van overblijvende siergrassen van de onderfamilies Bambusoideae en Panicoideae en van de geslachten Buchloe, Bouteloua, Calamagrostis, Cortaderia, Glyceria, Hakonechloa, Hystrix, Molinia, Phalaris, Shibataea, Spartina, Stipa en Uniola, met uitzondering van zaden, van oorsprong uit andere landen dan Europese landen, Algerije, Egypte, Israël, Jordanië, Libanon, Libië, Marokko, Syrië en Tunesië</p>	<p>the plants:</p> <p>(a) have been grown in nurseries;</p> <p>(b) are free from plants debris, flowers and fruits;</p> <p>(c) have been inspected and prior to export;</p> <p>(d) are found to be free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms; and</p> <p>(e) are found to be free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.</p>
<p>7. Voor opplant bestemde planten, met uitzondering van planten in rusttoestand, planten in weefselkweek, zaden, bollen, knollen, stengelknollen en wortelstokken, van oorsprong uit landen waarvan bekend is dat de betrokken quarantaineorganismen er voor komen</p> <p>De betrokken quarantaineorganismen zijn:          — Begomovirussen, m.u.v.:              Abutilon mosaic virus,              Sweet potato leaf curl virus,              Tomato yellow leaf curl virus,</p>	

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<p>Tomato yellow leaf curl Sardinia virus, Tomato yellow leaf curl Malaga virus, Tomato yellow leaf curl Axarquia virus, — Cowpea mild mottle virus, — Lettuce infectious yellows virus, — Melon yellowing-associated virus, — Squash vein yellowing virus, — Tomato mild mottle virus.</p> <p>In gevallen waarin Bemisia tabaci (niet-Europese populaties) of andere vectoren van de betrokken quarantaineorganismen voor zover bekend niet voorkomen</p> <p>In gevallen waarin bekend is dat Bemisia tabaci (niet-Europese populaties) of andere vectoren van de betrokken quarantaineorganismen er voorkomen</p>	<p>(a) no symptoms of the relevant Union quarantine pests have been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation.</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of the relevant Union quarantine pests have been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation, and</p> <p>(a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Bemisia tabaci and other vectors of the Union quarantine pests, or</p> <p>(b) the site of production has been found free from Bemisia tabaci and other vectors of the relevant Union quarantine pests on official inspections carried out at appropriate times to detect the pest, or</p> <p>(c) the plants have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the eradication of Bemisia tabaci and the other vectors of the Union quarantine pests and have been found free thereof prior to export.</p>
<p>8. Planten van kruidachtige soorten, bestemd voor opplant, met uitzondering van:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bollen,</li> <li>• wortelstokken,</li> <li>• planten van Gramineae,</li> <li>• rhizomen,</li> <li>• zaden,</li> <li>• knollen en</li> <li>• planten in weefselkweek van oorsprong uit landen waar Liriomyza sativae of Nemorimyza maculosa voorkomt</li> </ul>	<p>the plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Liriomyza sativae and Nemorimyza maculosa in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. or</p> <p>(b) originate in a place of production**, established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from Liriomyza sativae and Nemorimyza maculosa in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and declared free from Liriomyza sativae and Nemorimyza maculosa on official inspections</p>

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	<p>carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or</p> <p>(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment*** against <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> and have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i>.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p> <p>** De naam van de productieplaats moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p> <p>*** Details van de behandeling moeten worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>9. Meerjarige kruidachtige planten, bestemd voor opplant, met uitzondering van zaden, van de families Caryophyllaceae (m.u.v. <i>Dianthus</i>), Compositae (m.u.v. <i>Chrysanthemum</i>), Cruciferae, Leguminosae en Rosaceae (m.u.v. <i>Fragaria</i>), van oorsprong uit andere landen dan Europese landen, Algerije, Egypte, Israël, Jordanië, Libanon, Libië, Marokko, Syrië en Tunesië</p>	<p>the plants:</p> <p>(a) have been grown in nurseries,</p> <p>(b) are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits,</p> <p>(c) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export,</p> <p>(d) are found to be free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, and</p> <p>(e) are either found to be free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms</p>
<p>10. Bomen en struiken, bestemd voor opplant, met uitzondering van zaden en planten in weefselkweek, van oorsprong uit andere landen dan Europese landen, Algerije, Egypte, Israël, Jordanië, Libanon, Libië, Marokko, Syrië en Tunesië</p>	<p>the plants:</p> <p>(a) have been grown in nurseries;</p> <p>(b) are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits;</p> <p>(c) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export;</p> <p>(d) are found to be free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms; and</p> <p>(e) are either found to be free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.</p>
<p>11. Loofbomen en struiken bestemd voor opplant, met uitzondering van zaden en planten in weefselkweek van oorsprong uit andere landen dan Europese landen, Algerije, Egypte, Israël, Jordanië, Libanon, Libië, Marokko, Syrië en Tunesië</p>	<p>the plants are dormant and free from leaves.</p>
<p>13. Bollen, wortelstokken, rhizomen en knollen, bestemd voor opplant,</p>	<p>the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1 % by net weight of soil and growing medium</p>
<p>21.1 Voor opplant bestemde planten van Cucurbitaceae en Solanaceae, met uitzondering van bollen, stengelknollen, wortelstokken, pollen, zaden,</p>	<p>the plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Ceratohripoides claratris</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p>

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<p>knollen en planten in weefselkweek</p>	<p>(b) originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Ceratothripoides claratris</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. or</p> <p>(c) have been grown throughout their life in a site of production with physical protection against the introduction of <i>Ceratothripoides claratris</i>, and which has been subjected for at least three months prior to export to at least one inspection to detect the presence of <i>Ceratothripoides claratris</i>.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>21.2 Voor opplant bestemde planten van <i>Allium cepa</i>, <i>Asparagus</i>, <i>Cynara scolymus</i>, <i>Citrullus lanatus</i>, <i>Cucurbita</i>, <i>Cucumis melo</i>, <i>Cucumis sativum</i>, <i>Glycine max</i>, <i>Gossypium</i>, <i>Medicago sativa</i>, <i>Persea americana</i>, <i>Phaseolus</i>, <i>Ricinus communis</i> en <i>Tagetes</i>, met uitzondering van bollen, stengelknollen, planten in weefselkweek, wortel stokken, pollen, zaden en knollen, van oorsprong uit Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru en de Verenigde Staten van Amerika</p>	<p>the plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i>, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area* shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or</p> <p>(b) have been grown at least during the two months prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two months, throughout their life, in a site of production with physical protection established in the country of origin as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i>, on the basis of official inspections carried out throughout their life or during the last two months prior to export.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>22. Voor opplant bestemde planten van <i>Capsicum annum</i>, <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i>, <i>Musa</i>, <i>Nicotiana</i>, en <i>Solanum melongena</i>, met uitzondering van zaden. Van oorsprong uit landen waarvan bekend is dat <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i>, <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i>, <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>celebensis</i> of <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i> er voorkomt</p>	<p>(a) the plants originate in areas which have been found free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i>, <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i>, <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>celebensis</i> and <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i>, <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i>, <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>celebensis</i> and <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i> have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</p>
<p>23. Planten van <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> en <i>Solanum</i></p>	<p>the plants originate in:</p>

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<p>melongena, met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden</p>	<p>(a) a country recognised as being free of Keiferia lycopersicella in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) an area* established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from Keiferia lycopersicella in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>24. Voor opplant bestemde planten van Beta vulgaris, met uitzondering van zaden</p>	<p>no symptoms of Beet curly top virus have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</p>
<p>24.1 Voor opplant bestemde planten van Euphorbia pulcherrima, Fragaria en Rubus, met uitzondering van planten in weefselkweek, pollen en zaden</p>	<p>the plants: (a) originate in a country recognised as being free from Eotetranychus lewisi in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Eotetranychus lewisi in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. or (c) originate in a place of production, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection organisation in that country, as being free from Eotetranychus lewisi, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>25. Planten van Chrysanthemum, Dianthus en Pelargonium, met uitzondering van zaden</p>	<p>(a) the plants originate in an area free from Spodoptera eridania, Spodoptera frugiperda and Spodoptera litura, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) no signs of Spodoptera eridania, Spodoptera frugiperda, and Spodoptera litura have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or (c) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the relevant pests.</p>
<p>26. Voor opplant bestemde planten van Chrysanthemum en Solanum lycopersicum, met uitzondering van zaden</p>	<p>the plants have been grown throughout their life in: (a) a country free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus, or (b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p>

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	(c) a place of production, established as being free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus and verified through official inspections and, where appropriate, testing.
27.1 Voor opplant bestemde planten van Rosa, met uitzondering van pollen, zaden en planten in weefselkweek, van oorsprong uit Canada, India en de Verenigde Staten van Amerika	(a) the plants originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Rose rosette virus and its vector Phyllocoptes fructiphilus, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin", or (b) the plants: (i) originate in a place of production where no symptoms of Rose rosette virus and its vector Phyllocoptes fructiphilus, nor the presence of the vector, have been observed during official inspections since the start of the last growing season, and (ii) prior to export, have been sampled and tested for Rose rosette virus and have been found free of that pest in those tests and (iii) have been handled, packaged and transported in a manner to prevent infestation by the vector Phyllocoptes fructiphilus.
27.2 Planten in weefselkweek, van Rosa, van oorsprong uit Canada, India en de Verenigde Staten van Amerika	(a) the plants originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Rose rosette virus and its vector Phyllocoptes fructiphilus, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin", or (b) the plants: (i) have been produced from mother plants tested and found free from Rose rosette virus, and (ii) have been handled in a manner to prevent infestation by the vector Phyllocoptes fructiphilus.
27.3 Snijbloemen van Rosa, van oorsprong uit Canada, India en de Verenigde Staten van Amerika	(a) the cut flowers originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Rose rosette virus and its vector Phyllocoptes fructiphilus, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin", or (b) the cut flowers:

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	<p>(i) originate in a place of production where no symptoms of Rose rosette virus and its vector <i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i>, nor the presence of the vector, have been observed during official inspections since the start of the last growing season,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) prior to export, they have been inspected and, in case of symptoms of Rose rosette virus, they have been sampled and tested and found free of Rose rosette virus,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) have been handled, packaged and transported in a manner to prevent infestation by the vector <i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i>.</p>
28. Snijbloemen van <i>Chrysanthemum</i> , <i>Dianthus</i> , <i>Gypsophila</i> en <i>Solidago</i> .	<p>the cut flowers:</p> <p>(a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p> <p>(b) immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i>.</p>
29. Snijbloemen van <i>Orchidaceae</i> , van oorsprong uit alle landen behalve Thailand	<p>the cut flowers:</p> <p>(a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p> <p>(b) immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i></p>
29.1 Snijbloemen van <i>Orchidaceae</i> , van oorsprong uit Thailand	<p>the cut flowers:</p> <p>(a) were produced at a place of production which has been found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or</p> <p>(b) have undergone an appropriate fumigation treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thrips palmi</i>, and the details of the treatment* are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.</p> <p>* Details van de behandeling moeten worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
30. Op natuurlijke of kunstmatige wijze opgekweekte miniatuurplanten, bestemd voor op plant, met uitzondering van zaden, van oorsprong uit andere landen dan Europese landen.	<p>(a) the plants, including those collected directly from natural habitats, have been grown, held and trained for at least two consecutive years prior to dispatch in officially registered nurseries, which are subject to an officially supervised control regime, (b) the plants in the nurseries referred to in point (a) of this entry:</p> <p>(i) at least during the period referred to in point (a) of this entry:</p> <p>— were potted, in pots which are placed on shelves at least 50 cm above ground,</p>

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— have been subjected to appropriate treatments* to ensure freedom from non-European rusts,</li> <li>— have been officially inspected at least six times a year at appropriate intervals for the presence of Union quarantine pests of concern in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and these inspections have also been carried out on plants in the immediate vicinity of the nurseries referred to in point (a) of this entry, at least by visual examination of each row in the field or nursery and by visual examination of all parts of the plant above the growing medium, using a random sample of at least 300 plants from a given genus where the number of plants of that genus is not more than 3 000 plants, or 10 % of the plants if there are more than 3 000 plants from that genus,</li> <li>— have been found free, in these inspections, from the relevant Union quarantine pests of concern as specified in the previous indent, infested plants have been removed and the remaining plants, where appropriate, have been effectively treated, and have been held for an appropriate period and inspected to ensure freedom from such pests,</li> <li>— have been planted in either an unused artificial growing medium or in a natural growing medium, which has been treated by fumigation or by appropriate heat treatment and has been free of any Union quarantine pests</li> <li>— have been kept under conditions which ensure that the growing medium has been maintained free from Union quarantine pests and within two weeks prior to dispatch, have been:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium and kept bare rooted, or</li> <li>— shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium and replanted in growing medium which meets the conditions laid down in (i) fifth indent, or</li> <li>— subjected to appropriate treatments* to ensure that the growing medium is free from Union quarantine pests.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>(ii) were packed in closed containers which have been officially sealed and bear the registration number** of the registered nursery.</p> <p>* Details van de behandeling moeten worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration". ** Het registratienummer moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>30.1 Voor opplant bestemde planten van <i>Ceratonia siliqua</i>, <i>Cercis siliquastrum</i>, <i>Clematis</i></p>	<p>the plants: (a) originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of</p>

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<p>vitalba, Cotoneaster, Crataegus, Cydonia oblonga, Diospyros kaki, Eriobotrya japonica, Ficus carica, Hedera, Magnolia, Malus, Melia, Mespilus germanica, Myrtus communis, Parthenocissus, Photinia, Prunus, Psidium guajava, Punica granatum, Pyracantha, Pyrus, Rosa, Wisteria met uitzondering van zaden, pollen en planten in weefselkweek.</p> <p>Van oorsprong uit Australië, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodja, China, Eswatini, Filipijnen, Guam, India, Indonesië, Iran, Japan, Kenia, Laos, Maleisië, Mauritius, Micronesia, Montenegro, Nigeria, Noord-Korea, Noordelijke Marianen, Pakistan, Palau, Papoea-Nieuw-Guinea, Réunion, Sri Lanka, Taiwan, Tanzania, Thailand, Uganda, Verenigde Staten, Vietnam, Zuid-Afrika en Zuid-Korea</p>	<p>origin as being free from Aleurocanthus spiniferus in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p> <p>(b) have been grown in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Aleurocanthus spiniferus in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures:</p> <p>(i) which has been subjected during the last year prior to export to official inspections carried out at appropriate times, and</p> <p>(ii) the plants have been handled and packed in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production, or</p> <p>(c) have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the freedom of Aleurocanthus spiniferus and have been found free thereof prior to export.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>31. Planten van naaldbomen (Pinopsida), met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden</p>	<p>the plants have been produced in a place of production free from Pissodes cibriani, Pissodes fasciatus, Pissodes nemorensis, Pissodes nitidus, Pissodes punctatus, Pissodes strobi, Pissodes terminalis, Pissodes yunnanensis and Pissodes zitacuarensis.</p>
<p>32. Planten van naaldbomen (Pinopsida), met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden, van meer dan 3 m hoog, van oorsprong uit andere landen dan Europese landen.</p>	<p>the plants have been produced in a place of production free from Scolytinae spp. (non-European).</p>
<p>32.1 Voor opplant bestemde planten van Acacia, Acer buergerianum, Acer macrophyllum, Acer negundo, Acer palmatum, Acer paxii, Acer pseudoplatanus, Aesculus californica, Ailanthus altissima, Albizia falcate, Albizia julibrissin, Alectryon excelsus, Alnus rhombifolia, Archontophoenix cunninghamiana, Artocarpus integer, Azadirachta indica, Baccharis salicina, Bauhinia variegata, Brachychiton discolor, Brachychiton populneus, Camellia semiserrata, Camellia sinensis, Canarium commune, Castanospermum australe,</p>	<p>the plants:</p> <p>(a) have a diameter of less than 2 cm at the base of the stem, or</p> <p>(b) originate in a country recognised as being free from Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p> <p>(c) originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p> <p>(d) have been grown:</p> <p>(i) in a site of production with physical isolation against the introduction of Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato at least during six months prior to export, which is subjected to</p>

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<p>Cercidium floridum, Cercidium sonoreae, Cocculus laurifolius, Combretum kraussii, Cupaniopsis anacardioides, Dombeya cacuminum, Erythrina corallodendron, Erythrina coralloides, Erythrina falcata, Erythrina fusca, Eucalyptus ficifolia, Fagus crenata, Ficus, Gleditsia triacanthos, Hevea brasiliensis, Howea forsteriana, Ilex cornuta, Inga vera, Jacaranda mimosifolia, Koelreuteria bipinnata, Liquidambar styraciflua, Magnolia grandiflora, Magnolia virginiana, Mimosa bracaatinga, Morus alba, Parkinsonia aculeata, Persea americana, Pithecellobium lobatum, Platanus x hispanica, Platanus mexicana, Platanus occidentalis, Platanus orientalis, Platanus racemosa, Podalyria calyptrata, Populus fremontii, Populus nigra, Populus trichocarpa, Prosopis articulata, Protium serratum, Psoralea pinnata, Pterocarya stenoptera, Quercus agrifolia, Quercus calliprinos, Quercus chrysolepis, Quercus engelmannii, Quercus ithaburensis, Quercus lobata, Quercus palustris, Quercus robur, Quercus suber, Ricinus communis, Salix alba, Salix babylonica, Salix gooddingii, Salix laevigata, Salix mucronata, Shorea robusta, Spathodea campanulata, Spondias dulcis, Tamarix ramosissima, Virgilia oroboides subsp. ferrugine, Wisteria floribunda en Xylosma avilae, met uitzondering van planten in weefsel kweek, pollen en zaden</p>	<p>official inspections at appropriate times and has been found free from the pest, confirmed at least with traps which are checked at least every four weeks, including immediately prior to export, or</p> <p>(ii) in a site of production which has been found free from <i>Euwallacea fornicatus</i> sensu lato since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, confirmed at least with traps, during official inspections carried out at least every four weeks; in case of suspicion of the presence of the pest at the site of production, appropriate treatments against the pest have been carried out to ensure the absence of the pest; a surrounding zone of 1 km is established, which is monitored at appropriate times for <i>Euwallacea fornicatus</i> sensu lato and where the pest is found, those plants should be immediately rogued out and destroyed, and immediately prior to export, consignments of the plants have been subjected to an official inspection for the presence of the pest, in particular in stems and branches of the plants, including destructive sampling. The size of the sample for inspection shall be such as to enable at least the detection of 1 % level of infestation with a level of confidence of 99 %.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>32.2 Voor opplant bestemde planten van <i>Artocarpus chaplasha</i>, <i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i>, <i>Artocarpus integer</i>, <i>Alnus formosana</i>, <i>Bombax malabaricum</i>, <i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i>, <i>Broussonetia kazinoki</i>, <i>Cajanus cajan</i>, <i>Camellia oleifera</i>, <i>Castanea</i>, <i>Celtis sinensis</i>,</p>	<p>the plants:</p> <p>(a) have a diameter of less than 1 cm at the base of the stem, or</p> <p>(b) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Apriona germari</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p> <p>(c) have been grown throughout their life in an area* free from <i>Apriona germari</i>, established by the national plant protection organisation in the</p>

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<p>Cinnamomum camphora, Cunninghamia lanceolata, Dalbergia, Eriobotrya japonica, Ficus carica, Ficus hispida, Ficus infectoria, Ficus retusa, Juglans regia, Maclura tricuspidata, Melia azedarach, Morus, Populus, Robinia pseudoacacia, Salix, Sapium sebiferum, Schima superba, Sophora japonica, Trema amboinense, Trema orientale, Ulmus, Vernicia fordii en Xylosma, met uitzondering van planten in weefselkweek, pollen en zaden. Van oorsprong uit Afghanistan, Bahrein, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodja, China, Filipijnen, India, Indonesië, Irak, Iran, Japan, Jemen, Jordanië, Kazachstan, Kirgizië, Koeweit, Laos, Libanon, Maldiven, Maleisië, Mongolië, Myanmar, Nepal, Noord-Korea, Oezbekistan, Oman, Oost-Timor, Pakistan, Qatar, Rusland (alleen de volgende delen: Federaal District Verre Oosten (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Federaal District Siberië (Si birsky federalny okrug) en Federaal District Oeral (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi-Arabië, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Syrië, Tadzjikistan, Thailand, Turkmenistan, Verenigde Arabische Emiraten, Vietnam en Zuid-Korea</p>	<p>country of origin in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. or</p> <p>(d) have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to export, in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Apriona germari</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and</p> <p>(i) which has been subjected annually to two official inspections for any signs of <i>Apriona germari</i>, carried out at appropriate times and no signs of the pest have been found, and</p> <p>(ii) with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 2 000 m where the absence of <i>Apriona germari</i> was confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times, and</p> <p>(iii) immediately prior to export have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Apriona germari</i>, in particular in stems of the plants; where appropriate, this inspection should include destructive sampling, or</p> <p>(e) have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to export in a site of production with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Apriona germari</i> and immediately prior to export have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Apriona germari</i> (Hope), in particular in stems of the plant; where appropriate, this inspection should include destructive sampling.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>32.3 Voor opplant bestemde planten van <i>Caesalpinia japonica</i>, <i>Camellia sinensis</i>, <i>Celtis sinensis</i>, <i>Cercis chinensis</i>, <i>Chaetochloa sinensis</i>, <i>Cinnamomum camphora</i>, <i>Cornus kousa</i>, <i>Crataegus cordata</i>, <i>Debregeasia edulis</i>, <i>Diospyros kaki</i>, <i>Eriobotrya japonica</i>, <i>Enkianthus perulatus</i>, <i>Fagus crenata</i>, <i>Ficus carica</i>, <i>Firmiana simplex</i>, <i>Gleditsia japonica</i>, <i>Hovenia dulcis</i>, <i>Lagerstroemia indica</i>, <i>Morus</i>, <i>Platanus x hispanica</i>, <i>Platycarya strobilacea</i>, <i>Populus</i>, <i>Pterocarya rhoifolia</i>, <i>Pterocarya stenoptera</i>, <i>Punica granatum</i>, <i>Robinia</i></p>	<p>the plants:</p> <p>(a) have a diameter of less than 1 cm at the base of the stem, or</p> <p>(b) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Apriona rugicollis</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p> <p>(c) have been grown throughout their life in an area* free from <i>Apriona rugicollis</i>, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. or</p> <p>(d) have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to export, in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Apriona rugicollis</i> in</p>

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<p>pseudoacacia, Salix, Spiraea thunbergii, Ulmus parvifolia, Villebrunea pedunculata en Zelkova serrata, met uitzondering van planten in weefselkweek, pollen en zaden. Afghanistan, Bahrein, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodja, China, Filipijnen, India, Indonesië, Irak, Iran, Japan, Jemen, Jordanië, Kazachstan, Kirgizië, Koeweit, Laos, Libanon, Maldiven, Maleisië, Mongolië, Myanmar, Nepal, Noord-Korea, Oezbekistan, Oman, Oost-Timor, Pakistan, Qatar, Rusland (alleen de volgende delen: Federaal District Verre Oosten (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Federaal District Siberië (Sibirsky federalny okrug) en Federaal District Oeral (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi-Arabië, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Syrië, Tadzjikistan, Thailand, Turkmenistan, Verenigde Arabische Emiraten, Vietnam en Zuid-Korea</p>	<p>accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) which has been subjected annually to two official inspections for any signs of <i>Apriona rugicollis</i>, carried out at appropriate times and no signs of the pest have been found, and</li> <li>(ii) with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 2 000 m where the absence of <i>Apriona rugicollis</i> was confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times, and</li> <li>(iii) immediately prior to export have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Apriona rugicollis</i>, in particular in stems of the plants; where appropriate, this inspection should include destructive sampling, or</li> </ul> <p>(e) have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to export in a site of production with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Apriona rugicollis</i> and immediately prior to export have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Apriona rugicollis</i>, in particular in stems of the plants; where appropriate, this inspection should include destructive sampling.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>32.4 Voor opplant bestemde planten van <i>Debregeasia hypoleuca</i>, <i>Ficus</i>, <i>Maclura pomifera</i>, <i>Morus</i>, <i>Populus</i> en <i>Salix</i>, met uitzondering van planten in weefselkweek, pollen en zaden. Van oorsprong uit Afghanistan, Bahrein, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodja, China, Filipijnen, India, Indonesië, Irak, Iran, Japan, Jemen, Jordanië, Kazachstan, Kirgizië, Koeweit, Laos, Libanon, Maldiven, Maleisië, Moldavië, Mongolië, Myanmar, Nepal, Noord-Korea, Oezbekistan, Oman, Oost-Timor, Pakistan, Qatar, Rusland (alleen de volgende delen: Federaal District Verre Oosten (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Federaal District Siberië (Sibirsky federalny okrug) en</p>	<p>the plants:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have a diameter of less than 1 cm at the base of the stem, or</li> <li>(b) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Apriona cinerea</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</li> <li>(c) have been grown throughout their life in an area* free from <i>Apriona cinerea</i>, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. or</li> <li>(d) the plants have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to export, in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Apriona cinerea</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) which has been subjected annually to two official inspections for any signs of <i>Apriona cinerea</i>, carried out at appropriate times and no signs of the pest have been found, and</li> <li>(ii) with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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<p>Federaal District Oeral (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi-Arabië, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Syrië, Tadzjikistan, Thailand, Turkmenistan, Verenigde Arabische Emiraten, Vietnam en Zuid-Korea</p>	<p>with a width of at least 2 000 m where the absence of <i>Apriona cinerea</i> was confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times, and</p> <p>(iii) immediately prior to export have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Apriona cinerea</i>, in particular in stems of the plants; where appropriate, this inspection should include destructive sampling, or</p> <p>(e) have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to export in a site of production with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Apriona cinerea</i> and immediately prior to export have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Apriona cinerea</i> Chevrolat, in particular in stems of the plants; where appropriate, this inspection should include destructive sampling.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>32.5 Planten van <i>Acer macrophyllum</i>, <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>, <i>Adiantum aleuticum</i>, <i>Adiantum jordanii</i>, <i>Aesculus californica</i>, <i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>, <i>Arbutus menziesii</i>, <i>Arbutus unedo</i>, <i>Arctostaphylos</i>, <i>Calluna vulgaris</i>, <i>Camellia</i>, <i>Castanea sativa</i>, <i>Fagus sylvatica</i>, <i>Frangula californica</i>, <i>Frangula purshiana</i>, <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>, <i>Griselinia littoralis</i>, <i>Hamamelis virginiana</i>, <i>Heteromeles arbutifolia</i>, <i>Kalmia latifolia</i>, <i>Larix decidua</i>, <i>Larix kaempferi</i>, <i>Larix × eurolepis</i>, <i>Laurus nobilis</i>, <i>Leucothoe</i>, <i>Lithocarpus densiflorus</i>, <i>Lonicera hispidula</i>, <i>Magnolia</i>, <i>Michelia doltsopa</i>, <i>Nothofagus obliqua</i>, <i>Osmanthus heterophyllus</i>, <i>Parrotia persica</i>, <i>Photinia × fraseri</i>, <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>, <i>Quercus</i>, <i>Rhododendron</i> met uitzondering van <i>Rhododendron simsii</i>, <i>Rosa gymnocarpa</i>, <i>Salix caprea</i>, <i>Sequoia sempervirens</i>, <i>Syringa vulgaris</i>, <i>Taxus</i>, <i>Trientalis latifolia</i>, <i>Umbellularia californica</i>, <i>Vaccinium</i> en <i>Viburnum</i>, met uitzondering van vruchten, pollen en zaden. Van oorsprong uit Canada, Verenigd Koninkrijk, Verenigde Staten en Vietnam</p>	<p>(a) the plants originate in areas* known to be free from <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (non- EU isolates), established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. or</p> <p>(b) no signs of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (non-EU isolates) have been observed on any susceptible plants at the place of production during official inspections, including laboratory testing of any suspicious symptoms carried out since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and</p> <p>a representative sample of the plants has been inspected before shipment and found free from <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (non-EU isolates) in these inspections.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>

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<p>32.6 Voor opplant bestemde planten van Acer, Betula, Elaeagnus, Fraxinus, Gleditsia, Juglans, Malus, Morus, Platanus, Populus, Prunus, Pyrus, Quercus, Robinia, Salix, en Ulmus, met uitzondering van enten, stekken, planten in weefselkweek, pollen of zaden. Van oorsprong uit Afghanistan, India, Iran, Kirgizië, Oezbekistan, Pakistan, Tadzjikistan en Turkmenistan</p>	<p>the plants:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have a diameter of less than 9 cm at the base of the stem, or</li> <li>(b) have been grown throughout their life in an area* free from <i>Trirachys sartus</i>, established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</li> <li>(c) have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to export, in a site of production free from <i>Trirachys sartus</i>, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and where the plants have been grown             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) in a site of production with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Trirachys sartus</i>, which has been subjected to at least one inspection per year for any signs of <i>Trirachys sartus</i>, carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, or</li> <li>(ii) in a site of production with the application of appropriate preventive treatments which has been subjected to annually at least two inspections for any signs of <i>Trirachys sartus</i>, carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 500 m where the absence of <i>Trirachys sartus</i> was confirmed during these official surveys, and immediately prior to export the plants have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Trirachys sartus</i>, in particular in the stems of the plant, including where appropriate, destructive sampling, and no signs of presence of <i>Trirachys sartus</i> have been observed.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>32.7 Voor opplant bestemde planten van Castanea, Castanopsis en Quercus, met uitzondering van planten in weefselkweek, pollen en zaden. Van oorsprong uit China, Noord-Korea, Rusland, Taiwan, Vietnam en Zuid-Korea</p>	<p>the plants:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have a diameter of less than 9 cm at the base of the stem, or</li> <li>(b) have been grown throughout their life in an area* free from <i>Massicus raddei</i>, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</li> <li>(c) have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to export, in a site of production free from <i>Massicus raddei</i>, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and where the plants have been grown</li> </ul>

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	<p>(i) in a site of production with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Massicus raddei</i>, which has been subjected annually to at least one inspection for any signs of <i>Massicus raddei</i>, carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, or</p> <p>(ii) in a site of production with the application of appropriate preventive treatments which has been subjected annually to at least two inspections for any signs of <i>Massicus raddei</i>, carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 2000 m where the absence of <i>Massicus raddei</i> was confirmed during official surveys,</p> <p>and immediately prior to export the plants have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Massicus raddei</i>, in particular in the stems of the plant, including where appropriate, destructive sampling, and no signs of presence of <i>Massicus raddei</i> have been observed.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p><b>Per 1 mei 2026:</b> 32.8 Voor opplant bestemde planten met een stam diameter van 1 cm of meer op hun dikste punt, van: Acer, Aesculus, Betula, Fraxinus, Populus, Salix en Ulmus, uit China, Japan, Libanon, Noord Korea, Verenigde Staten van Amerika, Zuid Korea en Zwitserland</p>	<p><b>The plants:</b></p> <p>(a) originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i>, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4; or</p> <p>(b) have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or, in the case of plants which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production:</p> <p>(i) established as free from <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> in accordance with ISPM 10;</p> <p>(ii) subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any sign of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> carried out at appropriate times, and no signs of that pest have been found;</p> <p>(iii) where the plants have been grown in a site:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i>, or</li> <li>— with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and</li> </ul>

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	<p>surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 1 km where official surveys for the presence or signs of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> are carried out annually at appropriate times; and</p> <p>(iv) where, immediately prior to export, all consignments of the plants have been subjected to an official inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> in particular on branches and stems, including targeted destructive sampling; or</p> <p>(c) have been grown from rootstocks which meet the requirements of point (b), grafted with scions and the grafted plants have been inspected in accordance with point (b)(iv).</p> <p>* Het plaagorganismevrije gebied moet op het fyto-sanitaire certificaat in de rubriek „plaats van oorsprong” worden vermeld, op voorwaarde dat deze plaagorganismevrije status door de nationale plantenziektkundige dienst van het land van oorsprong op voor hand schriftelijk aan de Commissie is meegedeeld</p> <p>Het monster voor de inspectie zoals bedoeld in punt b), iv), moet zodanig groot zijn dat het ten minste de detectie van een besmettingsniveau van 1 % met een betrouwbaarheidsniveau van 99 % mogelijk maakt.</p>
<p>Per 1 mei 2026:</p> <p>32.9 Voor opplant bestemde planten met een stam diameter van 1 cm of meer op hun dikste punt, van:</p> <p>Acer, Aesculus, Alnus, Betula, Carpinus, Citrus, Cornus, Corylus, Cotoneaster, Crataegus, Fagus, Lagerstroemia, Malus, Melia, Ostrya, Photinia, Platanus, Populus, Prunus laurocerasus, Pyrus, Rosa, Salix, Ulmus en Vaccinium corymbosum</p>	<p>The plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in a country* recognised as being free from <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i>, in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM4; or</p> <p>(b) originate in an area** established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i>, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4; or</p> <p>(c) have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or, in the case of plants which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production:</p> <p>(i) established as free from <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> in accordance with ISPM 10;</p>

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	<p>(ii) subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any sign of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> carried out at appropriate times, and no signs of that pest have been found;</p> <p>(iii) where the plants have been grown in a site:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i>, or</li> <li>— with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 1 km where official surveys for the presence or signs of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> are carried out annually at appropriate times; and</li> </ul> <p>(iv) where, immediately prior to export, consignments of the plants have been subjected to an official inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i>, in particular on roots and stems, including targeted destructive sampling; or</p> <p>(d) have been grown from rootstocks which meet the requirements of point (c), grafted with scions and the grafted plants have been inspected in accordance with point (c)(iv).</p> <p>* de ziektevrrije status door de nationale plantenziektkundige dienst van het betrokken derde land moet op voorhand schriftelijk aan de Commissie zijn meegedeeld.</p> <p>** Het plaagorganismevrije gebied moet op het fytosanitaire certificaat in de rubriek „plaats van oorsprong” worden vermeld, op voorwaarde dat deze plaagorganismevrije status door de nationale plantenziektkundige dienst van het betrokken derde land op voorhand schriftelijk aan de Commissie is meegedeeld.</p> <p>Het monster voor de inspectie zoals bedoeld in punt c), iv), moet zodanig groot zijn dat het ten minste de detectie van een besmettingsniveau van 1 % met een betrouwbaarheidsniveau van 99 % mogelijk maakt.</p>
<p>33. Planten van <i>Castanea</i> en <i>Quercus</i>, met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden</p>	<p>no symptoms of <i>Cronartium</i> spp., with the exception of <i>Cronartium gentianum</i>, <i>Cronartium pini</i> and <i>Cronartium ribicola</i>, have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity</p>

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	since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
34. Planten van Quercus met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden. Van oorsprong uit de Verenigde Staten	the plants originate in areas known to be free from Bretziella fagacearum
35. Voor opplant bestemde planten van Corylus, met uitzondering van zaden. Van oorsprong uit Canada en de Verenigde Staten	<p>the plants originate in:</p> <p>(a) an area*, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection organisation in that country, as being free from Anisogramma anomala, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p> <p>(b) a place of production**, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection organisation in that country, as being free from Anisogramma anomala on official inspections carried out at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p> <p>** De naam van de productieplaats moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
36. Planten van Chionanthus virginicus, Fraxinus, Juglans ailantifoli, Juglans mandshurica, Ulmus davidiana en Pterocarya rhoifolia, met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden. Van oorsprong uit Belarus, Canada, China, Japan, Mongolië, Noord-Korea, Oekraïne, Rusland, Taiwan, Verenigde Staten en Zuid-Korea	<p>the plants originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Agrilus planipennis, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and located at a minimum distance of 100 km to the closest known area, where the presence of the specified pest has been officially confirmed; the freedom status of that area has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
37. Voor opplant bestemde planten van Juglans en Pterocarya, met uitzondering van zaden. Van oorsprong uit Verenigde Staten	<p>the plants for planting:</p> <p>(a) have been grown throughout their life in an area* free from Geosmithia morbida and its vector Pityophthorus juglandis, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p> <p>(b) originate in a place of production, including its vicinity of at least 5 km radius, where neither symptoms of Geosmithia morbida and its vector Pityophthorus juglandis, nor the presence of the vector, have been observed during official inspections within a period of two years prior to export; the plants for planting have been</p>

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	<p>inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production, or</p> <p>(c) originate in a place of production with complete physical isolation, and plants for planting have been inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
38. Planten van <i>Betula</i> , met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden	the plants originate in a country known to be free of <i>Agrilus anxius</i> .
39. Voor opplant bestemde planten van <i>Platanus</i> , met uitzondering van zaden. Van oorsprong uit Albanië, Armenië, Zwitserland, Turkije en Verenigde Staten	<p>the plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p> <p>(b) have been grown in a place of production established as free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures:</p> <p>(i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, and</p> <p>(ii) which has been subjected annually to official inspections for any symptoms of <i>Ceratocystis platani</i>, including its immediate vicinity, carried out at the most appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, and</p> <p>(iii) a representative sample of the plants has been subjected to testing for the presence of <i>Ceratocystis platani</i>, at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
41. Planten van <i>Populus</i> met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden. Van oorsprong uit Noord- en Zuid-Amerika	no symptoms of <i>Sphaerulina musiva</i> been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
42. Voor opplant bestemde planten, met uitzondering van enten, stekken, planten in weefsel kweek, pollen en zaden, van <i>Amelanchier</i> , <i>Aronia</i> , <i>Cotoneaster</i> , <i>Crataegus</i> , <i>Cydonia</i> , <i>Malus</i> , <i>Prunus</i> , <i>Pyracantha</i> , <i>Pyrus</i> en <i>Sorbus</i> . Van oorsprong uit Canada en Verenigde Staten	<p>the plants:</p> <p>(a) have been grown throughout their life in an area* free from <i>Saperda candida</i>, established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p> <p>(b) have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years have been</p>

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	<p>grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Saperda candida</i> in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, and</li> <li>(ii) which has been subjected annually to two official inspections for any signs of <i>Saperda candida</i> carried out at the most appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, and</li> <li>(iii) where the plants have been grown:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— in an insect proof site of production against the introduction of <i>Saperda candida</i>, or</li> <li>— in a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 500 m, where the absence of <i>Saperda candida</i> was confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times, and</li> </ul> </li> <li>(iv) immediately prior to export the plants have been subjected to a meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Saperda candida</i>, in particular in the stems of the plant, including, where appropriate, destructive sampling.</li> </ul> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>43. Voor opplant bestemde planten, met uitzondering van planten in weefselweek en zaden, van <i>Crataegus</i>, <i>Cydonia</i>, <i>Malus</i>, <i>Prunus</i>, <i>Pyrus</i> en <i>Vaccinium</i>. Van oorsprong uit Canada, Mexico en Verenigde Staten</p>	<p>the plants have been grown:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) throughout their life in an area* free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i>, established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or</li> <li>(b) throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, and</li> <li>(ii) which has been subjected to annual inspections for any signs of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, and</li> <li>(iii) where the plants have been grown in a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and where the absence of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> was confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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	<p>times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, and                  (iv) immediately prior to export the plants have been subjected to a meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Grap holita packardi</i>; or                  (c) in an insect proof site of production against the introduction of <i>Grapholita packardi</i>.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>44. Voor opplant bestemde planten van <i>Crataegus</i>, met uitzondering van zaden.                  Van oorsprong uit landen waarvan bekend is dat <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> er voorkomt</p>	<p>no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</p>
<p>45. Voor opplant bestemde planten van <i>Cydonia</i>, <i>Fragaria</i>, <i>Malus</i>, <i>Prunus</i>, <i>Pyrus</i>, <i>Ribes</i>, <i>Rubus</i>, met uitzondering van zaden.                  Van oorsprong uit landen waarvan bekend is dat virussen, viroïden en fytoplasma's als bedoeld in bijlage II, deel A, punt 22 of <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> er voorkomen op de betrokken geslachten                  Bijlage II, deel A, punt 22:                  American plum line pattern virus                  Apple fruit crinkle viroid;                  Apple necrotic mosaic virus;                  Buckland valley grapevine;                  yellows phytoplasma;                  Blueberry leaf mottle virus;                  Candidatus <i>Phytoplasma aurantifolia</i>-verwante stammen (Pear decline Taiwan II, <i>Crotalaria witches' broom</i> phytoplasma, Sweet potato little leaf phytoplasma);                  Candidatus <i>Phytoplasma australiense</i> (referentiestam);                  Candidatus <i>Phytoplasma fraxini</i> (referentiestam);                  Candidatus <i>Phytoplasma hispanicum</i> (referentiestam);                  Candidatus <i>Phytoplasma phoenicium</i> ;                  Candidatus <i>Phytoplasma pruni</i>-verwante stam (North American grapevine yellows;                  Candidatus <i>Phytoplasma pyri</i>-verwante stam (Peach yellow leaf roll);</p>	<p>no symptoms of diseases caused by viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas referred to in point 22 of Part A of Annex II and <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</p>

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<p>Candidatus Phytoplasma ziziphi (referentiestam); Cherry rasp leaf virus; Cherry rosette virus; Cherry rusty mottle associated virus; Cherry twisted leaf associated virus; Grapevine berry inner necrosis virus; Grapevine red blotch virus; Grapevine vein-clearing virus; Peach mosaic virus; Peach rosette mosaic virus; Raspberry latent virus; Raspberry leaf curl virus; Strawberry chlorotic fleck-associated virus; Strawberry leaf curl virus; Strawberry necrotic shock virus Temperate fruit decay-associated virus.</p>	
<p>46. Voor opplant bestemde planten van Malus Mill., met uitzondering van zaden. Van oorsprong uit landen waarvan bekend is dat Cherry rasp leaf virus er voorkomt</p>	<p>(a) the plants have been: (i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least Cherry rasp leaf virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those pests, or (ii) derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least Cherry rasp leaf virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those pests; and (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by Cherry rasp leaf virus have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</p>
<p>47. Voor opplant bestemde planten van Prunus, met uitzondering van zaden, van oorsprong uit landen waar van bekend is dat American plum line pattern virus, Cherry rasp leaf virus, Peach mosaic virus of Peach rosette mosaic virus er voorkomen</p>	<p>(a) the plants have been: (i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing at least for the relevant Union quarantine pests using appropriate indicators for the presence of American plum line pattern virus, Cherry rasp leaf virus, Peach mosaic virus or Peach rosette mosaic virus or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those pests, or</p>

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	<p>(ii) derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing at least for American plum line pattern virus, Cherry rasp leaf virus, Peach mosaic virus or Peach rosette mosaic virus, using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those pests, and</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of diseases caused by those pests have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.</p>
<p>48. Voor opplant bestemde planten van Rubus, van oorsprong uit landen waar van bekend is dat Black raspberry latent virus er voorkomt.</p>	<p>The plants are free from aphids, including their eggs, and</p> <p>(i) the plants have been:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing at least for Black raspberry latent virus, using appropriate indicators for the presence of Black raspberry latent virus or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from Black raspberry latent virus, or</li> <li>— derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing at least for Black raspberry latent virus, using appropriate indicators for the presence of Black raspberry latent virus or for equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from Black raspberry latent virus;</li> </ul> <p>(ii) no symptoms of diseases caused by Black raspberry latent virus have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycles of vegetation.</p>
<p>48.1 Voor opplant bestemde planten van Rubus m.u.v. zaden. Van oorsprong uit landen waarvan bekend is dat Raspberry leaf curl virus, Cherry rasp leaf virus er voorkomen.</p>	<p>The plants are free from aphids, including their eggs, and</p> <p>(i) the plants have been:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>—officially certified under a certification scheme requiring that they are derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing at least for Raspberry leaf curl virus, Cherry rasp leaf virus, using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or</li> </ul>

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	<p>equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those Union quarantine pests, or</p> <p>—derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing at least for Raspberry leaf curl virus, Cherry rasp leaf virus, using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those Union quarantine pests;</p> <p>(ii) no symptoms of diseases caused by those pests have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</p>
<p>49. Voor opplant bestemde planten van <i>Fragaria</i>, met uitzondering van zaden. Van oorsprong uit landen waarvan bekend is dat <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma australiense</i> (referentiestam), <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma fraxini</i> (referentiestam) en <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma hispanicum</i> (referentiestam) er voorkomt</p>	<p>(a) the plants, other than those raised from seed, have been:</p> <p>(i) either officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma australiense</i> (reference strain), <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma fraxini</i> (reference strain) and <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma hispanicum</i> (reference strain) using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma australiense</i> (reference strain), <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma fraxini</i> (reference strain), and <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma hispanicum</i> (reference strain), or</p> <p>(ii) derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma australiense</i> (reference strain), <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma fraxini</i> (reference strain), and <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma hispanicum</i> (reference strain) using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma australiense</i> (reference strain), <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma fraxini</i> (reference strain), and <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma hispanicum</i> (reference strain),</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of diseases caused by <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma australiense</i> (reference strain), <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma fraxini</i> (reference strain), and <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma hispanicum</i></p>

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	(reference strain) have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
50. Voor opplant bestemde planten van <i>Fragaria</i> , met uitzondering van zaden	the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Anthonomus signatus</i> and <i>Anthonomus bisignifer</i> .
51. Planten van <i>Aegle</i> , <i>Aeglopsis</i> , <i>Afraegle</i> , <i>Atalantia</i> , <i>Balsamocitrus</i> , <i>Burkillanthus</i> , <i>Calodendrum</i> , <i>Choisya</i> , <i>Clausena</i> , <i>Limonia</i> , <i>Microcitrus</i> , <i>Murraya</i> , <i>Pamburus</i> , <i>Severinia</i> , <i>Swinglea</i> , <i>Triphasia</i> en <i>Vepris</i> , met uitzondering van vruchten (maar inclusief zaden), en zaden van <i>Citrus</i> , <i>Fortunella</i> , <i>Poncirus</i> , en de hybriden daarvan	the plants originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Candidatus Liberibacter africanus</i> , <i>Candidatus Liberibacter americanus</i> and <i>Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus</i> , causal agents of Huanglongbing disease of citrus/citrus greening, in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
52. Planten van <i>Casimiroa</i> , <i>Choisya</i> , <i>Clausena</i> , <i>Murraya</i> , <i>Vepris</i> , <i>Zanthoxylum</i> , met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden	<p>(a) the plants originate in a country in which <i>Trioza erytraeae</i> is known not to occur, or</p> <p>(b) the plants originate in an area* free from <i>Trioza erytraeae</i>, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p> <p>(c) the plants have been grown in a place of production, which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, and where the plants have been grown during a period of one year, in an insect proof site of production against the introduction of <i>Trioza erytraeae</i>, and where, during a period of at least one year prior to the movement, two official inspections were carried out at appropriate times and no signs of <i>Trioza erytraeae</i> have been observed in that site, and prior to movement are handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
53. Planten van <i>Aegle</i> , <i>Aeglopsis</i> , <i>Afraegle</i> , <i>Amyris</i> , <i>Atalantia</i> , <i>Balsamocitrus</i> , <i>Choisya</i> , <i>Citropsis</i> , <i>Clausena</i> , <i>Eremocitrus</i> , <i>Esenbeckia</i> , <i>Glycosmis</i> , <i>Limonia</i> , <i>Merrillia</i> , <i>Microcitrus</i> , <i>Murraya</i> , <i>Naringi</i> , <i>Pamburus</i> , <i>Severinia</i> , <i>Swinglea</i> , <i>Tetradium</i> , <i>Toddalia</i> , <i>Triphasia</i> , <i>Vepris</i> , <i>Zanthoxylum</i> , met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden	<p>the plants originate:</p> <p>(a) in a country in which <i>Diaphorina citri</i> is known not to occur, or</p> <p>(b) in an area* free from <i>Diaphorina citri</i>, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>

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<p>54. Planten van Microcitrus, Naringi en Swinglea, met uitzondering van vruchten en zaden</p>	<p>the plants originate:</p> <p>(a) in a country recognised as being free from <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or</p> <p>(b) in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i>, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p> <p>* De naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld in het vak "Additional declaration".</p>
<p>55. Voor opplant bestemde planten van Palmae (zie register Plantenfamilies) met uitzondering van zaden. Van oorsprong uit andere landen dan Europese landen.</p>	<p>(a) either the plants originate in an area known to be free from Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasmas and Coconut cadang-cadang viroid, and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasmas and Coconut cadang-cadang viroid have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by the pests have been rogued out at that place and the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to rid them of <i>Myndus crudus</i>,</p> <p>(c) in the case of plants in tissue culture, the plants were derived from plants which have met the requirements laid down in point (a) or (b).</p>
<p>56. Voor opplant bestemde planten van <i>Cryptocoryne</i> sp., <i>Hygrophila</i> sp. en <i>Vallisneria</i> sp., met uitzondering van pollen en zaden</p>	<p>the roots have been subjected to testing for at least nematode pests, of a representative sample, using appropriate methods for the detection of the pests and have been found at these tests free from the nematode pests.</p>
<p>62. Snijbloemen van <i>Rosa</i> van oorsprong uit het Afrikaanse continent en Israël, Kaapverdië, La Reunion, Madagaskar, Mauritius, St. Helena</p>	<p>(a) the cut flowers originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin,</p>

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	<p>or</p> <p>(b) the cut flowers originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4. The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin", provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the cut flowers:</p> <p>(i) originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 10, and which is included in the list of place of production codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) have been subjected to official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season and prior to export, including a visual examination with an intensity to enable at least the detection of a 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and have been found to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the place of production codes,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) the cut flowers:</p> <p>(i) have been produced in an approved site of production, which is included in the list of production site codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) have been subjected to an effective systems approach to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 14, or an effective stand-alone post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, provided that the</p>
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	<p>respective systems approach used or the post-harvest treatment, together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness, have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin and that postharvest treatment has been assessed by the European Food Safety Authority,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) prior to export, have been subjected to official inspections for the presence of <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, with an intensity to enable at least the detection of 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling for fruits in case of symptoms,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iv) are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the production site codes and mentions the details of the post-harvest treatment used, or the use of the systems approach.</p>
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Bijschrijving op basis van andere wetgeving.

"The consignment complies with the Rulebook of Montenegro List IVA part I from 22 December 2023, item ..." hier niet gebruiken.

<p><b>Per 1 mei 2026:</b> Planten bestemd voor opplant, m.u.v. zaden, met een stam of wortelhalsdiameter van 1 cm of meer op hun dikste punt, van: <i>Acer</i> spp. <i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i> <i>Alnus</i> spp. <i>Betula</i> spp. <i>Carpinus</i> spp. <i>Citrus</i> spp. <i>Corylus</i> spp. <i>Cotoneaster</i> spp. <i>Crataegus</i> spp. <i>Fagus</i> spp. <i>Lagerstroemia</i> spp. <i>Malus</i> spp. <i>Melia</i> spp. <i>Ostrya</i> spp. <i>Photinia</i> spp. <i>Platanus</i> spp. <i>Populus</i> spp. <i>Prunus laurocerasus</i> <i>Pyrus</i> spp. <i>Rosa</i> spp. <i>Salix</i> spp. <i>Ulmus</i> spp.,</p>	<p><b>a)</b> The plant have been produced during the last complete cycle of vegetation in a place of production which is registered and supervised by the National Plant Protection Organisation of the country of origin and which is located in an area free from the harmful organism, specified by the organisation in accordance with the related ISPM (ISPM No:4). The name of this area is stated in the section titled "place of origin" of the Phytosanitary Certificate,</p> <p><b>or</b></p> <p><b>b)</b> The plant have been grown in a place of production free from <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> during a period of two years before exportation in accordance with international standards (ISPM No:10). This place of production:</p> <p><b>(aa)</b> is registered and supervised by the National Plant Protection Organisation of the country of origin,</p> <p><b>and</b></p> <p><b>(bb)</b> has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> carried out at</p>
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<p>intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> is known to occur</p> <p><i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> is known to occur in:</p> <p>China Filippijnen Hawaiï Indonesië Japan Maleisië Myanmar Noord-Korea Taiwan Vietnam Zuid-Korea</p> <p>Origine NL: optie b vermelden</p>	<p>appropriate times and no signs of the organism have been found,</p> <p><b>and</b></p> <p><b>(cc)</b> where the plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> or with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km where official surveys for the presence or signs of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> are carried out annually at appropriate times. In case signs of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> were found, eradication measures are immediately taken to restore the pest freedom of the buffer zone,</p> <p><b>and</b></p> <p><b>(dd)</b> the plants are subjected to a very careful inspection immediately before exportation, of especially the branches and roots for presence of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i>. This inspection involved a destructive sampling (it may prove to be difficult to determine this harmful organism without cutting the plants). The amount of sample for inspection was sufficient to determining a contamination of 1% with 99% safety.</p>
<p><b>Per 1 mei 2026:</b></p> <p>Planten bestemd voor opplant met een stamdiameter van 1 cm of meer op hun dikste punt, m.u.v. zaden, van</p> <p>Acer Aesculus Alnus Betula Carpinus Cercidiphyllum Corylus Fagus Fraxinus Koelreuteria Platanus Populus Salix Tilia Ulmus</p> <p>Uit landen waarvan bekend is dat <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> er voor komt Dit zijn voor zover nu bekend: China, Finland, Frankrijk (Corsica), Noord-Korea, Verenigd Koninkrijk (Engeland), Verenigde Staten van America (Massachusetts, New York, Ohio), Zuid-Korea</p>	<p>Consignment complies with 2015/893 Annex II I A (I) <b>a</b>;</p> <p>the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and situated in a pest-free area established by that organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the pest-free area shall be mentioned under the rubric "place of origin"</p> <p><b>or</b></p> <p>Consignment complies with 2015/893 Annex II I A (I) <b>b</b>;</p> <p>the plants have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> in accordance with International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures;</p>

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	<p>(i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin; <b>and</b></p> <p>(ii) which has been subjected annually to at least two official meticulous inspections for any sign of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Forster) carried out at appropriate times and no signs of the organism have been found; <b>and</b></p> <p>(iii) where the plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> <b>or</b></p> <p>(iv) with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least 2 km where official surveys for the presence or signs of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> are carried out annually at appropriate times. In case presence or signs of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> are found, eradication measures are immediately taken to restore the pest freedom of the buffer zone <b>and</b></p> <p>(v) where immediately prior to export consignments of the plants have been subjected to an official meticulous inspection, for the presence of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i>, in particular in stems and branches of the plants. This inspection shall include targeted destructive sampling. Where consignments include plants originating in sites which at the time of their production were located in a buffer zone where presence or signs of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> had been found, destructive sampling of the plants of that consignment shall be carried out at the level set out in the following table:</p> <p>1-4500 plants in lot: 10% of lot size destructive sampling &gt;4500 plants in lot: 450 plants destructive sampling</p> <p><b>or</b></p> <p>Consignment complies with 2015/893 Annex II I A (I) <b>e</b>;</p> <p>the plants have been grown from rootstocks which meet the requirements of (b), grafted with scions which meet the following requirements:</p> <p>(i) at the time of export, the grafted scions are no more than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point;</p>
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	<p>(ii) the grafted plants have been inspected in accordance with point (b)(iv) The registration number of the place of production shall be mentioned on the certificate.</p>
<p>Waardplanten van <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i>:</p> <p><i>Acacia longifolia</i>  <i>Acacia saligna</i>  <i>Acer</i>  <i>Aesculus</i>  <i>Agrostis gigantea</i>  <i>Albizia julibrissin</i>  <i>Alnus rhombifolia</i>  <i>Alternanthera tenella</i>  <i>Amaranthus blitoides</i>  <i>Ambrosia</i>  <i>Ampelopsis arborea</i>  <i>Ampelopsis cordata</i>  <i>Artemisia arborescens</i>  <i>Artemisia douglasiana</i>  <i>Artemisia vulgaris var. heterophylla</i>  <i>Asparagus acutifolius</i>  <i>Avena fatua</i>  <i>Baccharis halimifolia</i>  <i>Baccharis pilularis</i>  <i>Baccharis salicifolia</i>  <i>Bidens pilosa</i>  <i>Brachiaria decumbens</i>  <i>Brachiaria plantaginea</i>  <i>Brassica</i>  <i>Bromus diandrus</i>  <i>Callicarpa americana</i>  <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>  <i>Carex</i>  <i>Carya illinoensis</i>  <i>Cassia tora</i>  <i>Catharanthus</i>  <i>Celastrus orbiculatus</i>  <i>Celtis occidentalis</i>  <i>Cenchrus echinatus</i>  <i>Cercis canadensis</i>  <i>Cercis occidentalis</i>  <i>Chamaecrista fasciculata</i>  <i>Chenopodium quinoa</i>  <i>Chionanthus</i>  <i>Chitalpa tashkentensis</i>  <i>Cistus creticus</i>  <i>Cistus monspeliensis</i>  <i>Cistus salviifolius</i>  <i>Citrus</i>  <i>Coelorachis cylindrica</i>  <i>Coffea</i>  <i>Commelina benghalensis</i>  <i>Conium maculatum</i>  <i>Convolvulus arvensis</i></p>	<p>a) <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> is not present in the country</p> <p><b>or</b></p> <p>b) <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> is not present in the area [ naam van het gebied moet worden vermeld onder 'place of origin'.]</p> <p><b>or</b></p> <p>c) For specified plants, other than plants which have been grown for the entire production cycle in vitro, originate in an area where the specified organism is known to be present:</p> <p>(a) the specified plants have been produced in one or more sites fulfilling the conditions set out in paragraph 4;</p> <p>(b) the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned has communicated in writing to the Commission the list of those sites, including their location within the country</p> <p>(c) phytosanitary treatments against the vectors of the specified organism are applied in the site and its zone as referred to in paragraph 4(c);</p> <p>(d) representative samples of each species of specified plants from each site have been subject to annual testing, at the most appropriate time, and the absence of the specified organism has been confirmed on the basis of tests carried out in accordance with internationally validated testing methods;</p> <p>(e) the specified plants have been transported in closed containers or packaging, ensuring that infection with the specified organism or any of its known vectors cannot occur;</p> <p>(f) As practically close to the time of export as possible, the lots of the specified plants were subjected to official visual inspection, sampling</p>

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<p><i>Conyza canadensis</i>  <i>Coprosma repens</i>  <i>Cornus florida</i>  <i>Coronilla valentina</i>  <i>Coronopus didymus</i>  <i>Cynodon dactylon</i>  <i>Cyperus eragrostis</i>  <i>Cyperus esculentus</i>  <i>Cytisus scoparius</i>  <i>Datura wrightii</i>  <i>Digitaria horizontalis</i>  <i>Digitaria insularis</i>  <i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>  <i>Dodonaea viscosa</i>  <i>Duranta erecta</i>  <i>Dysphania ambrosioides</i>  <i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>  <i>Encelia farinosa</i>  <i>Eriochloa contracta</i>  <i>Erodium</i>  <i>Escallonia montevidensis</i>  <i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i>  <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i>  <i>Eugenia myrtifolia</i>  <i>Euphorbia hirta</i>  <i>Euphorbia terracina</i>  <i>Fagopyrum esculentum</i>  <i>Fagus crenata</i>  <i>Ficus carica</i>  <i>Fragaria vesca</i>  <i>Fraxinus americana</i>  <i>Fraxinus dipetala</i>  <i>Fraxinus latifolia</i>  <i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>  <i>Fuchsia magellanica</i>  <i>Genista ephedroides</i>  <i>Genista monspessulana</i>  <i>Genista x spachiana</i>  <i>Geranium dissectum</i>  <i>Ginkgo biloba</i>  <i>Gleditsia triacanthos</i>  <i>Grevillea juniperina</i>  <i>Hebe</i>  <i>Hedera helix</i>  <i>Helianthus annuus</i>  <i>Hemerocallis</i>  <i>Heteromeles arbutifolia</i>  <i>Hibiscus schizopetalus</i>  <i>Hibiscus syriacus</i>  <i>Hordeum murinum</i>  <i>Hydrangea paniculata</i>  <i>Ilex vomitoria</i>  <i>Ipomoea purpurea</i>  <i>Iva annua</i>  <i>Jacaranda mimosifolia</i>  <i>Juglans</i></p>	<p>and molecular testing, carried out in accordance with internationally validated testing methods, confirming the absence of the specified organism, using a sampling scheme able to identify with 99 % reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 1 % or above and targeted especially at plants displaying suspect symptoms of that organism;</p> <p>(g) immediately prior to export, the lots of the specified plants were subjected to phytosanitary treatments against any of the known vectors of the specified organism;</p> <p>[ naam van vrije bedrijf moet worden vermeld onder 'place of origin'.]</p> <p>For specified plants, which have been grown for the entire production cycle in vitro, originate in an area where the specified organism is known to be present:</p> <p>(a) the specified plants have been grown in one or more sites fulfilling the conditions set out in paragraph 4a;</p> <p>(b) the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned has communicated in writing to the Commission the list of those sites, including their location within the country;</p> <p>(c) The specified plants have been transported under sterile conditions in a transparent container that precludes the possibility of infection by the specified organism through its vectors.</p> <p>(d) The specified plants meet one of the following conditions:</p> <p>(i) they have been grown from seeds;</p> <p>(ii) they have been propagated, under sterile conditions, from mother plants which have spent their entire lives in an area free from the specified organism and which have been tested and found free from the specified organism;</p> <p>(iii) they have been propagated, under sterile conditions, from</p>
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<p> <i>Juniperus ashei</i>  <i>Koelreuteria bipinnata</i>  <i>Lactuca serriola.</i>  <i>Lagerstroemia indica</i>  <i>Laurus nobilis</i>  <i>Lavandula angustifolia</i>  <i>Lavandula dentata</i>  <i>Lavandula stoechas</i>  <i>Ligustrum lucidum</i>  <i>Lippia nodiflora</i>  <i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>  <i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i>  <i>Lolium perenne</i>  <i>Lonicera japonica</i>  <i>Ludwigia grandiflora</i>  <i>Lupinus aridorum</i>  <i>Lupinus villosus</i>  <i>Magnolia grandiflora</i>  <i>Malva</i>  <i>Marrubium vulgare</i>  <i>Medicago polymorpha</i>  <i>Medicago sativa</i>  <i>Melilotus</i>  <i>Melissa officinalis</i>  <i>Metrosideros</i>  <i>Metrosideros excelsa</i>  <i>Modiola caroliniana</i>  <i>Montia linearis</i>  <i>Morus</i>  <i>Myoporum insulare</i>  <i>Myrtus communis</i>  <i>Nandina domestica</i>  <i>Neptunia lutea</i>  <i>Nerium oleander</i>  <i>Nicotiana glauca</i>  <i>Olea europaea</i>  <i>Origanum majorana</i>  <i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>  <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i>  <i>Pelargonium graveolens</i>  <i>Persea americana</i>  <i>Phoenix reclinata</i>  <i>Phoenix roebelenii</i>  <i>Pinus taeda</i>  <i>Pistacia vera</i>  <i>Plantago lanceolata</i>  <i>Platanus</i>  <i>Pluchea odorata</i>  <i>Poa annua</i>  <i>Polygala myrtifolia</i>  <i>Polygala x grandiflora nana</i>  <i>Polygonum arenastrum</i>  <i>Polygonum lapathifolium</i>  <i>Polygonum persicaria</i>  <i>Populus fremontii</i>  <i>Portulaca</i> </p>	<p>mother plants which have been grown in a site fulfilling the conditions of paragraph 4 and which have been tested and found free from the specified organism</p> <p>[ naam van vrije bedrijf moet worden vermeld onder 'place of origin'.]</p>
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<p> <i>Prunus</i>  <i>Pyrus pyrifolia</i>  <i>Quercus</i>  <i>Ranunculus repens</i>  <i>Ratibida columnifera</i>  <i>Rhamnus alaternus</i>  <i>Rhus</i>  <i>Rosa californica</i>  <i>Rosa x floribunda</i>  <i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i>  <i>Rubus</i>  <i>Rumex crispus</i>  <i>Salix</i>  <i>Salsola tragus</i>  <i>Salvia apiana</i>  <i>Salvia mellifera</i>  <i>Sambucus</i>  <i>Sapindus saponaria</i>  <i>Schinus molle</i>  <i>Senecio vulgaris</i>  <i>Setaria magna.</i>  <i>Silybum marianum</i>  <i>Simmondsia chinensis</i>  <i>Sisymbrium irio</i>  <i>Solanum americanum</i>  <i>Solanum elaeagnifolium</i>  <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i>  <i>Solanum melongena</i>  <i>Solidago fistulosa</i>  <i>Solidago virgaurea</i>  <i>Sonchus</i>  <i>Sorghum</i>  <i>Spartium junceum</i>  <i>Spermacoce latifolia</i>  <i>Stellaria media</i>  <i>Tillandsia usneoides</i>  <i>Toxicodendron diversilobum</i>  <i>Trifolium repens</i>  <i>Ulmus</i>  <i>Umbellularia californica</i>  <i>Urtica dioica</i>  <i>Urtica urens</i>  <i>Vaccinium</i>  <i>Verbena litoralis</i>  <i>Veronica</i>  <i>Vicia faba</i>  <i>Vicia sativa</i>  <i>Vinca</i>  <i>Vitis</i>  <i>Westringia fruticosa</i>  <i>Westringia glabra</i>  <i>Xanthium spinosum</i>  <i>Xanthium strumarium</i>  intended for planting, other than seeds. </p>	
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Organisme komt niet voor in NL, voor NL-product bijschrijving a gebruiken	
Planten bestemd voor opplant (m.u.v. zaad) van Solanum lycopersicum en Capsicum annum.	The plants have been produced in a production site which is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin and known to be free from ToBRFV on the basis of official inspections carried out at the appropriate time to detect that organism, and they derive from seeds which either originate in areas free from ToBRFV or have undergone official testing for ToBRFV on a representative sample using appropriate methods, and have been found, in these RT-PCR tests, to be free of ToBRFV.

**Overige voorschriften****Verpakking**

Geen eisen bekend

**Chemische middelen**

Geen eisen bekend

*Hoewel de NVWA dit document op zorgvuldige wijze en naar beste weten heeft samengesteld, kan niet worden ingestaan voor de juistheid en volledigheid van de beschikbaar gestelde informatie. Aan de beschikbaar gestelde informatie kunnen geen rechten worden ontleend. Een afdruk kan verouderd zijn. Een actuele versie is op de website van NVWA beschikbaar.*