



Thailand, rundersperma

Code: **RNDSU-40** Versie: 1.0.5

Ingangsdatum: 01-08-2025

Eigenaar: NVWA T&I, team Export

Versie	Datum	Wijziging ten opzichte van vorige versie
1.0.3	29-08-2017	De instructie is geactualiseerd.
1.0.4	01-04-2024	Aanpassing ten gevolge van wijzigingen in de Regeling erkenning veterinaire laboratoria (REVL).
1.0.5	01-08-2025	Voor het exporteren van rundersperma naar Thailand is een e-CertNL-certificaat samengesteld.

1 DOEL EN TOEPASSINGSGBIED

Deze instructie geldt voor het exporteren van rundersperma naar Thailand en beschrijft de voorwaarden die worden gesteld aan de invoer in Thailand, de controles die hiervoor moeten worden uitgevoerd door de NVWA, en de gegevens die het bedrijfsleven moet aanleveren aan de NVWA. Over de certificeringseisen die gelden voor de export van rundersperma naar Thailand zijn officiële bilaterale afspraken gemaakt. Deze afspraken zijn bindend, van deze afspraken kan dus niet worden afgeweken.

2 WETTELIJKE BASIS

2.1 EU-regelgeving

- Verordening (EU) 2016/429
- Verordening (EU) 2017/625
- Uitvoeringsverordening (EU) 2018/1882
- Gedelegeerde verordening (EU) 2020/686
- Uitvoeringsverordening (EU) 2020/999

2.2 Nationale wetgeving

- Wet dieren

2.3 Overige

- Bilaterale afspraken tussen Thailand en Nederland.

3 DEFINITIES

n.v.t.

4 WERKWIJZE

De export van rundersperma naar Thailand is toegestaan.

Toelichting bij het certificaat:

Algemeen:

- Raadpleeg vooraf de instructie Tijdelijke Maatregelen Derde Landen (TMDL-01) op mogelijke exportbeperkingen. Als in de TMDL-01 informatie staat die in strijd is met een landeninstructie dan is de informatie vermeld in de TMDL-01 leidend.

- Diagnostische laboratoriumtesten dienen te worden uitgevoerd door een laboratorium welk conform het 'Werkvoorschrift toegestane laboratoria dierzieketesten export derde landen' is toegestaan. Dit werkvoorschrift is [hier](#) te vinden.

Certificaat: zie bijlage

I, the undersigned official veterinarian of the government of The Netherlands, herewith declare that the described consignment of bovine semen above satisfies the following requirements:

Verklaring 1:

The Netherlands has been free from rinderpest and contagious bovine pleuropneumonia during the 24 (twenty-four) months prior to the first collection of semen for export and until the date of dispatch of the semen to Thailand;

Deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven na controle van de dierziektesituatie in Nederland. Runderpest en besmettelijke runderperipneumonie zijn aangifteplichtige dierziekten. Informatie over de dierziektesituatie in Nederland is [hier](#) te vinden.

Verklaring 2:

The Netherlands is free from foot and mouth disease (FMD), in accordance with the standards of the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH), and free of bovine tuberculosis, bovine brucellosis and enzootic bovine leucosis in accordance with the standards of the WOAH and the European Union (EU);

Deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven na controle van de dierziektesituatie in Nederland. Mond-en-klauwzeer, runder tuberculose, runderbrucellose en enzoötische bovine leukose zijn aangifteplichtige dierziekten. Informatie over de dierziektesituatie in Nederland is [hier](#) te vinden.

Verklaring 3:

The semen to be exported to Thailand is produced in a semen collection centre officially approved in accordance with the provisions specified in EU directive 88/407/EEC as amended; the semen was collected, processed and stored under the supervision of the officially approved "centre veterinarian" in accordance with the provisions, specified in EU Directive 88/407/EEC as amended; the procedures for approval of the semen collection centre, as well as health and hygiene control, meet the relevant criteria according the WOAH International Animal Health code;

Deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven indien het te exporteren rundersperma afkomstig is van een erkend spermawinningscentrum.

Verklaring 4:

Concerning Bluetongue:

The donor animals showed no clinical sign of bluetongue on the day of semen collection for this consignment; and

Either^() a. Were subjected to a serological test to detect antibodies to the BTV group, with negative results, between 28 and 60 days after each semen collection for this consignment;*

Or^() b. Were subjected to an agent identification test according to the WOAH Terrestrial manual on blood samples collected at commencement and conclusion of, and at least every 7 days (virus isolation test) or at least every 28 days (PCR-test) during, semen collection for this consignment, with negative results;*

Or^() c. The Netherlands was until May 1st 2006 free of Bluetongue (in accordance with article 2.2.13.2 of the WOAH code) and all the semen in this consignment was collected before this date.*

Het eerste deel van deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven op basis van een verklaring met gelijke strekking van de aan het spermawinningscentrum verbonden dierenarts.

In het tweede deel van deze verklaring dienen de niet van toepassing zijnde opties te worden doorgehaald.

Optie a. van deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven op basis van negatieve laboratoriumuitslagen van de donorstieren, aan te leveren door belanghebbende.

Optie b. van deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven op basis van negatieve laboratoriumuitslagen van de donorstieren, aan te leveren door belanghebbende.

Optie c. van deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven indien het te exporteren rundersperma is gewonnen vóór 1 mei 2006.

Verklaring 5:

All donor bulls have entered the semen production centre free of clinical signs or other evidence of bovine tuberculosis, bovine brucellosis, enzootic bovine leucosis, leptospirosis, Johne's disease, infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvovaginitis (IBR/IPV), bovine viral diarrhoea/mucosal disease (BVD/MD), mycoplasmosis, vesicular stomatitis, campylobacter fetus venerealis and trichomonas fetus infection. The donor bulls have not shown any clinical sign of these diseases during the 12 (twelve) months prior to the first collection of semen for export and until the date of dispatch of the semen to Thailand;

Deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven op basis van een verklaring met gelijke strekking van de aan het spermawinningscentrum verbonden dierenarts.

Verklaring 6:

Before entering the semen production centre all donor bulls were kept in quarantine for at least twenty eight (28) days; before entering the quarantine the donor bulls have passed pre-entry tests within 28 days prior to entry into the quarantine for the following diseases: bovine brucellosis, infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvovaginitis (IBR/IPV), enzootic bovine leucosis and bovine tuberculosis; the donor animals were clinically healthy and physiologically normal during entry into the quarantine;

Het eerste deel van deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven op basis van EU- en nationale regelgeving. Het tweede gedeelte van deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven op basis van de laboratoriumuitslagen van de donorstieren, aan te leveren door belanghebbende.

Het derde deel van deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven op basis van een verklaring met gelijke strekking van de aan het spermawinningscentrum verbonden dierenarts.

Verklaring 7:

All donor bulls were kept in quarantine for at least twenty-eight (28) days before entering the semen collection centre. The donor bulls were tested in quarantine (for bovine tuberculosis in the pre-quarantine, for Johne's disease in the pre-quarantine or in the quarantine), as well as in the semen collection centre (at least once a year), for the following diseases with negative results using test methods or other methods recommended by the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH):

<i>Disease</i>	<i>Test method</i>
<i>Tuberculosis</i>	<i>Intradermal tuberculin test using bovine PPD tuberculine</i>
<i>Brucellosis</i>	<i>Serum agglutination test or complement fixation test</i>
<i>Campylobacter fetus var. venerealis</i>	<i>Culture</i>
<i>Trichomonas fetus</i>	<i>Culture or microscope</i>
<i>Enzootic bovine leucosis</i>	<i>AGIDT or ELISA</i>
<i>IBR/IPV</i>	<i>ELISA</i>
<i>Leptospira hardjo</i>	<i>MAT or ELISA</i>
<i>Johne's disease</i>	<i>ELISA or Complement fixation test</i>

Het eerste deel van deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven op basis van EU- en nationale regelgeving. Het tweede gedeelte van deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven op basis van de laboratoriumuitslagen van de donorstieren, aan te leveren door belanghebbende.

Verklaring 8:

The donor bulls were kept in a CBPP free country, zone or compartment since birth or for at least the past six months;

Deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven op basis van de I&R-gegevens van de donorstieren (om na te gaan in welke landen, zones of compartimenten de donorstieren hebben verbleven sinds de geboorte of ten minste de laatste zes maanden voorafgaand aan de certificering) en na controle van de

dierziektesituatie in de betreffende landen, zones of compartimenten. Informatie over de dierziektesituatie is [hier](#) te vinden.

Verklaring 9:

The donor bulls were subjected to diagnostic tests for enzootic bovine leucosis (EBL) on blood samples on two occasions with negative results, the first test being carried out at least 30 days before and the second test at least 90 days after collection of the semen;

Deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven op basis van negatieve laboratoriumuitslagen van de donorstieren, aan te leveren door belanghebbende.

Verklaring 10:

All donor bulls at the semen collection centre were tested for bovine viral diarrhoea (BVD/MD) in the pre-quarantine period by the virus isolation test or with the virus antigen Elisa test (with negative results) and by Elisa (positive or negative results); all donor bulls at the semen collection centre were tested for bovine viral diarrhoea (BVD/MD) in the quarantine by the virus isolation test or with the virus antigen Elisa test (with negative results) and by Elisa (with positive or negative results); all donor bulls at the semen collection centre are tested for bovine viral diarrhoea (BVD/MD) at least annually:

- *If the donor bull was seronegative at the time of entering the semen collection centre, the donor bull was tested every 28 days and did not show any seroconversion: the last test was done not earlier than seven days after semen collection;*
- *If the donor bull was seropositive at the time of entering the semen collection centre, one straw of the collected and exported semen was tested for BVD/MD virus with negative result;*

Deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven op basis van de laboratoriumuitslagen van de donorstieren, aan te leveren door belanghebbende.

Verklaring 11:

A declaration with the used preservatives, antibiotics and mycoplasmocidal drugs used in the diluents is added to this certificate;

Deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven op basis van een verklaring van de aan het spermawinningscentrum verbonden dierenarts.

Verklaring 12:

The semen described above was collected, processed and stored strictly in accordance with the relevant criteria set out in the WOA International Animal Health code.

Deze verklaring kan worden afgegeven indien het te exporteren rundersperma afkomstig is van een erkend spermawinningscentrum.

5 BEVOEGDHEDEN EN VERANTWOORDELIJKHEDEN

De certificerende NVWA-dierenarts is bevoegd en verantwoordelijk voor het afgeven van het certificaat.

Bijlage 1: certificaat

HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR THE EXPORT OF BOVINE SEMEN FROM THE NETHERLANDS
TO THE KINGDOM OF THAILAND

I. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SEMEN

Product no.	Name of the donor	Identification number donor	Breed	Date of birth

Batch no.	Date of semen collection	Number of straws	Identification of the straws

Container number :
Seal number :
DLD Import Notification number :

II. ORIGIN OF THE SEMEN

Product no.	Approval no. semen collection centre	Name and address

Name and address consignor :
Place of loading :

III. DESTINATION OF THE SEMEN

Means of transport :
Identification of the means of transport :
Place of destination :
Name and address consignee :

IV. HEALTH ATTESTATION

I, the undersigned official veterinarian of the government of The Netherlands, herewith declare that the described consignment of bovine semen above satisfies the following requirements:

1. The Netherlands has been free from rinderpest and contagious bovine pleuropneumonia during the 24 (twenty-four) months prior to the first collection of semen for export and until the date of dispatch of the semen to Thailand;
2. The Netherlands is free from foot and mouth disease (FMD), in accordance with the standards of the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH), and free of bovine tuberculosis, bovine brucellosis and enzootic bovine leucosis in accordance with the standards of the WOAH and the European Union (EU);
3. The semen to be exported to Thailand is produced in a semen collection centre officially approved in accordance with the provisions specified in EU directive 88/407/EEC as amended; the semen was collected, processed and stored under the supervision of the officially approved "centre veterinarian" in accordance with the provisions, specified in EU Directive 88/407/EEC as amended; the procedures for approval of the semen collection centre, as well as health and hygiene control, meet the relevant criteria according the WOAH International Animal Health code;
4. Concerning Bluetongue:
The donor animals showed no clinical sign of bluetongue on the day of semen collection for this consignment; and
Either^(*) a. Were subjected to a serological test to detect antibodies to the BTV group, with negative results, between 28 and 60 days after each semen collection for this consignment;

- Or(*) b. Were subjected to an agent identification test according to the WOAH Terrestrial manual on blood samples collected at commencement and conclusion of, and at least every 7 days (virus isolation test) or at least every 28 days (PCR-test) during, semen collection for this consignment, with negative results;
- Or(*) c. The Netherlands was until May 1st 2006 free of Bluetongue (in accordance with article 2.2.13.2 of the WOAH code) and all the semen in this consignment was collected before this date.
5. All donor bulls have entered the semen production centre free of clinical signs or other evidence of bovine tuberculosis, bovine brucellosis, enzootic bovine leucosis, leptospirosis, Johne's disease, infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvovaginitis (IBR/IPV), bovine viral diarrhoea/mucosal disease (BVD/MD), mycoplasmosis, vesicular stomatitis, campylobacter fetus venerealis and trichomonas fetus infection. The donor bulls have not shown any clinical sign of these diseases during the 12 (twelve) months prior to the first collection of semen for export and until the date of dispatch of the semen to Thailand;
 6. Before entering the semen production centre all donor bulls were kept in quarantine for at least twenty eight (28) days; before entering the quarantine the donor bulls have passed pre-entry tests within 28 days prior to entry into the quarantine for the following diseases: bovine brucellosis, infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvovaginitis (IBR/IPV), enzootic bovine leucosis and bovine tuberculosis; the donor animals were clinically healthy and physiologically normal during entry into the quarantine;
 7. All donor bulls were kept in quarantine for at least twenty-eight (28) days before entering the semen collection centre. The donor bulls were tested in quarantine (for bovine tuberculosis in the pre-quarantine, for Johne's disease in the pre-quarantine or in the quarantine), as well as in the semen collection centre (at least once a year), for the following diseases with negative results using test methods or other methods recommended by the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH):

Disease	Test method
Tuberculosis	Intradermal tuberculin test using bovine PPD tuberculine
Brucellosis	Serum agglutination test <i>or</i> complement fixation test
Campylobacter fetus var. venerealis	Culture
Trichomonas fetus	Culture <i>or</i> microscope
Enzootic bovine leucosis	AGIDT <i>or</i> ELISA
IBR/IPV	ELISA
Leptospira hardjo	MAT <i>or</i> ELISA
Johne's disease	ELISA <i>or</i> Complement fixation test

8. The donor bulls were kept in a CBPP free country, zone or compartment since birth or for at least the past six months;
9. The donor bulls were subjected to diagnostic tests for enzootic bovine leucosis (EBL) on blood samples on two occasions with negative results, the first test being carried out at least 30 days before and the second test at least 90 days after collection of the semen;
10. All donor bulls at the semen collection centre were tested for bovine viral diarrhoea (BVD/MD) in the pre-quarantine period by the virus isolation test or with the virus antigen Elisa test (with negative results) and by Elisa (positive or negative results); all donor bulls at the semen collection centre were tested for bovine viral diarrhoea (BVD/MD) in the quarantine by the virus isolation test or with the virus antigen Elisa test (with negative results) and by Elisa (with positive or negative results); all donor bulls at the semen collection centre are tested for bovine viral diarrhoea (BVD/MD) at least annually:
 - If the donor bull was seronegative at the time of entering the semen collection centre, the donor bull was tested every 28 days and did not show any seroconversion: the last test was done not earlier than seven days after semen collection;

- If the donor bull was seropositive at the time of entering the semen collection centre, one straw of the collected and exported semen was tested for BVD/MD virus with negative result;
- 11. A declaration with the used preservatives, antibiotics and mycoplasmocidal drugs used in the diluents is added to this certificate;
- 12. The semen described above was collected, processed and stored strictly in accordance with the relevant criteria set out in the WOAH International Animal Health code.

Note:

(*) Keep as appropriate